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The Press AND Tribune.

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Press & Tribune.

CHICAGO.

THE ELECTIONS.

Ohio now rolls up a majority of 17,000 for the Republican State ticket, and 39 on joint ballot in the Legislature. The Republicans have gained 300 in Ramsey County, Minnesota, 480 in Dakota, and at least 100 in Anoka.

THREE TAILORS.

"We, the people of England," said the three journeyman tailors who sent a petition to Parliament! "We, the people of Ohio," said three cobblers of politics one day at the town of Wooster, introducing each other as Governor, Senator and President respectively, to an astounded audience. Behold Mr. Douglas walking to the edge of the platform with the modest Ranney. He opes his mouth. "Gentlemen, allow me to introduce to you the Honorable R. P. Ranney, *the next Governor of Ohio!*" The curtain falls on the pantomime, and rises again on a scene like this: Enter Ranney and Pugh. Ranney *loquitur*—"Gentlemen, allow me to introduce to you the Honorable George E. Pugh, *the next United States Senator from Ohio!*" *Exeunt.* Scene third: Return, Douglas and Pugh. Pugh, *loq.*—"Gentlemen, allow me to introduce to you the Honorable Stephen A. Douglas, *the next President of the United States!*" We, the people of England.

The same untoward circumstance which has made false oracles of Douglas and Ranney, is universally conceded to have made the Pugh prophecy of none effect. The three tailors are stitched, pressed out and sponged. Each is a *Sartor Resartus* on his own hook. We—we, the people of England!

Indiana Election.

We have some further returns from Indiana, which confirm the Republican gains indicated by yesterday's dispatches. Colfax's County—St. Joseph—has rolled up an unusual Republican majority: it generally gives two or three hundred, but this time a majority of 500 has been obtained. La Porte County gives 225 Republican majority on a light vote. Elkhart County is handsomely Republican. Porter County is reported Republican; last fall it went Democratic. Miami County is Republican by 200; last fall it was Democratic by eighteen. A correspondent at Crown Point writes that Lake County has gone Republican by nearly 500 majority. The election at Indianapolis was warmly contested, but resulted in a Republican victory—the majority reaching 800. Other parts of the State come equally well. Indiana looks as if she was preparing to wheel into the Republican line next fall.

Dubuque.

The telegraph reported Dubuque as having given 1500 to 1800 majority, which is all a mistake. The *Herald* of Thursday morning gives the returns from the city and ten of the sixteen townships which foot up:

Bodily, Democrat	2,501
Kirkwood, Republican	1,495
Majority,	1,006

The remaining townships may increase this to 1,300; but 1,800, as reported by telegraph, is all bosh. The Republicans seem to have elected two Representatives and Treasurer, County Judge and School Commissioner, the entire balance of the "holters." In the city of Dubuque the Republican vote reached 1,078, which is the highest vote ever polled by our friends in that city. The Democrats polled 1,492, which is only 414 majority. Iowa is all right.

Douglasism in Cleveland.

Cleveland is the headquarters of Douglasism in Ohio. The "great principle" is rampant in that city. There is where the Democratic candidate for Governor, Ranney, who is personally very popular, resides; there also is the abiding place of J. W. Gray, editor of the Douglas Plain Dealer, the special and favorite organ grinder of the "Little Giant," and there is where popular sovereignty composes the bread, drink, and raiment of the Democrats, and if there is a spot on the face of the broad West where the Douglas dogma might be supposed to have strength, it is in Cleveland. Mark the result of the election. Two years ago the vote for Governor stood.

Parker, Democrat	3,005
Chase, Republican	2,565
Democratic majority	330

Last Tuesday it stood:

Dennison, straight Republican	2,847
Ranney, Douglas Democrat	2,650
Republican majority	197

This shows a dead loss of 537 as compared with the former election. Two years ago the county of Cuyahoga gave Chase 960 majority. It now rolls up over 1,700 for Dennison. The *Times* attempts to explain this shocking break down by saying that the Buchanan office-holders voted the Republican ticket. But that is untrue, as every mother's son of them supported the ticket without scratching a name. They scolded at Douglas, but like all Ohio Democrats, they stuck to the regular ticket in order to beat the Republicans. In the wards where the Federal office holders chiefly reside, the ticket ran better than elsewhere. It was in the other wards that it fell behind. For instance, in the Sixth, a strong German quarter, there is a Democratic loss of 220 votes. The fact is, the people of Cleveland are disgusted with Douglas and his popular sovereignty humbug. They are too intelligent to be fooled by popular catch words. All over the Western Reserve, famous not only for its cheese but for the reading and reflecting character of its people, the Republican majority has been largely increased in consequence of making Douglasism a political issue.

The Patten Elopement.

Sometime since we published the elopement of a man named Patten, of the firm of Johnson & Patten, of LaFayette, Indiana, with a former flame of his, leaving his legal wife in that city, and coming to this city. We learn from the La Fayette *Journal* that a short time since, Mrs. Patten received letters from Mackinac stating that parties were in that place who answered the description of Patten, his lady companion and child. Her brother, W. J. Dill, of Sandusky, Ohio, at once went there and managed to get an interview with Patten. He then stated to him that all he wished was to settle up the business affairs of Johnson & Patten and to obtain the child. Patten at once signed the papers requisite to accomplish the former, but was very reluctant to give up the child. He finally consented, and the boy was brought home and he is now with his mother. Patten is working as a carpenter at $1.50 per day, and in very destitute circumstances, the result of his foolish conduct.

The Grand Lodge of Illinois, I. O. O. F.

This body met in regular annual communication, in Odd Fellows Hall in this city, at 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon. All the Grand Officers, together with Representatives from about two hundred lodges, and a large number of Past Grands, were in attendance.

There was much business done, the day being principally occupied in receiving new members, and referring business to appropriate committees. The hours to be occupied in the daily sessions were fixed at from nine to twelve o'clock, a. m., and from two to five o'clock, p. m.

There are no very important questions to come before the present convocation, and it is expected that the session will be a brief and harmonious one.

From the report of Grand Master Griswold, we learn that during the past year, fifteen new lodges have been instituted, several defunct lodges revived, and that there are now two hundred and seventy active working lodges in the State.

The following statistics for the year, from the Annual Report of Gr. Sec. Willard, will be found interesting:

Number of initiations	2,610
Number of admissions by card	257
Number of reinstatements	24
Number of withdrawals by recognition	2
Number of withdrawals	1,390
Number of expulsions	478
Number of deaths	97
Number of rejections	121
Total number of members	10,234
Number of Past Grands	1,661
Total revenue	$27,046 11
Number of brothers relieved	382
Number of widowed families relieved	57
Number of brothers buried	85
Amount paid for relief of brothers	$6,256 15
Amount paid for relief of widowed families	1,006 39
Amount paid for education of orphans	1,000 00
Amount paid for burying the dead	2,178 60
Total amount of relief	$10,439 14

A Trip on the Michigan Southern Railroad to Toledo and Detroit.

[Correspondence of the *Press and Tribune.*]

DETROIT, Oct. 12, 1859.

If there is any one thing that interests one while traveling more than all else, it is the country through which we are called to pass for the first time.

I have heard much said of this old and much favored line of communication between the East and the West, but until now I have never had the pleasure of traveling over it. I was induced by frequent representations of the superiority of the road, its equipment and local management, as well as the rich and well developed country through which it traverses, to satisfy myself by personal observation.

A few days since I found myself comfortably seated in a well-filled train of passenger cars, moving but slowly out of the heart of the great Metropolis of the West, until we reached the outskirts of the city, when our speed was increased to something less than Flora Temple time. There is nothing of interest to the traveler after leaving the junction of the Chicago & Rock Island Railroad, until the train shortly reaches Door Prairie, in the State of Indiana. This beautiful section of country, (but the beginning of miles in extent of the same sort) as we passed along, bore unmistakable evidence of a healthy and rich agricultural district, being favored particularly for its peculiar prairie formation, together with an abundance of choice timber on all sides, as well as its nearness to a ready market. We passed through many beautiful villages on the route, (perhaps I had better say cities, for they have their Mayor and Aldermen the same as Chicago and other large cities.) These places, with but few exceptions, bore marked evidence of Yankee thrift and prosperity. The country on both sides of the road through as far as Adrian, take it as a whole, is the best grain and fruit growing country through which it has ever been my fortune to traverse on a line of railroad. It would be folly for me to undertake to describe minutely each particular locality; suffice it to say, my anticipations of this road and country through which it passes, has been more than realized in all respects. The local business of this road must be large; added to this a large share of the through business which this route must always command, must augment the receipts satisfactorily to the stock holders and directors.

At all the freight and grain houses along the line appeared a constant line of teams, loaded and unloaded, arriving, and in turn departing. At the same time cars were being loaded ready for final destination with the products of this vast extent of country tributary to this great thoroughfare.

Toledo, one of the termini of this Road, is, particularly on account of its locality, an important commercial city, and is at the present time second only to Chicago in her grain receipts. Here the traveler has a choice of routes, and the day is not far distant, when Toledo will be second only to Chicago as a general distributing point. She is now the termini for the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana air line, the Wabash and Western, the Dayton and Michigan, the Detroit and Toledo, and the Toledo and Cleveland Railroads. Besides this, she has her canal facilities, which in connection with railroads which will contribute to the above results.

On arriving in Detroit, I found large numbers there in attendance upon the State Fair, and the city seemed glad that something had caused a commotion in their midst. I was induced to visit the Fair Grounds, and was much pleased with all I saw on exhibition there; but of the fruit and vegetables I can speak particularly, they being the finest I ever saw.

The entire line between Chicago, Toledo and Detroit, together with its branches, in all over 500 miles of road, is under the direct supervision of Erastus Hopkins, Esq., a man in all respects worthy of so important a charge. I am told (and his appearance indicates it) that he is one of the most energetic and untiring railroad men in the country—a host in himself. I am sure it is to him mainly the Company is indebted for so perfect a road, with its equipment and local management throughout. Too much credit cannot be given him for his untiring energy in adopting and carrying out every improvement that will in any way contribute to the economy of the road.

I learned this company had already formed an advantageous business connection with the Grand Trunk R. R. on the line during direct connection with that road at their terminus in Detroit, which must secure to them a large amount of business. The stock of the Company on exhibition at Detroit, consisting of two passenger engines, one freight engine, two passenger cars, one smoking car, one baggage car, all of superior make, as the awards of the Committee will testify.

One of the passenger cars (a new one) has a gentlemen and ladies-saloon—and a wash room complete with such accommodations as I have never before seen in a rail road car besides this; it seats sixty-two passengers comfortably; it is a light oak finish inside, with gilding sufficiently to give it a rich and light appearance. This car was built expressly for the conveyance of their shop in Adrian, and has the six wheel trucks, which is considered an improvement in car building. Altogether I think the company have reason to feel proud of their road and its management, and the community will as in times past show their appreciation of the road, by giving it their patronage. TRAVELER.

From Washington.

[Special Dispatch to the N. Y. Times.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11,

The dispatch from New Orleans, announcing that a body of Mexican guerrillas had taken Brownsville, has created profound excitement in official quarters; and to-morrow the Cabinet will consider the propriety of sending a sufficient force to the Rio Grande; not only to protect the captured town hereafter, but to carry the war into Mexico and there to punish the marauders. Some members of the Cabinet think it humiliating that Fort Brown had to be garrisoned by Mexican soldiers to protect American citizens. Should no intelligence actually arrive, as American blood has again been spilled upon American soil.

I have good authority for saying the State Department is much annoyed at the fabricated statement of the New York *Herald*, to the effect that instructions are in course of preparation for the Minister to China, lecturing him upon the subject of neutrality. Mr. Ward's conduct, on the contrary, meets with the entire approval of the Administration. Com. Tatnall's conduct has also been approved, in view of the circumstances, though his interference, had it occurred between *civilized* nations in a state of war, would have been improper. Such is the view of Government.

Official advices from Mr. Ward, under date of July 4, state that he had sent a steamer with a letter of instructions to Nanking, and expected by the Chinese but no one was there to receive it. Several men went ashore, and having penetrated into the country, barely escaped with their lives. They were chased even into the water. The communication was, however, left for the Chinese officials, but doubtless was never delivered. Mr. Ward has hope yet of the success of the ratification of the American Treaty, and placed no confidence in the promises of the Mandarins.

There is a well authenticated rumor that Thomas Francis Meagher has gone to Costa Rica as an agent of President Mora, and will make an effort to assist him with his Irish contingent and thereby overthrow power. His scheme may not be utterly abortive, as Government availed itself of his offer to take dispatches to Mr. Dimitry, which will afford him the protection of a diplomatic character.

Arrest of Mr. Warren Leland.

On Saturday of last week, at Colchester, Conn., a complaint was made against Mr. Warren Leland, proprietor of the Metropolitan Hotel of this city, charging him with conspiracy with Samuel Jones, the defaulting cashier of the late Colchester Bank, for the purpose of defrauding that institution. The complaint was made at the instigation of the defaulter himself.

Mr. Leland, it seems, as assignee of Jones & Wilcox, was in his hands certain assets which he holds for the benefit of Jones' creditors.—These assets Jones demanded of Leland, who, of course, refused to give them up, holding them as he did in trust for other parties. Thereupon Jones made application to a Justice of the Peace in Colchester, and prevailed upon him to issue the complaint for Mr. Leland. Considerable excitement has grown out of this affair at Colchester and vicinity.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Return of the Disabled Steamer.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 13.—The steamship Quaker City arrived at Hampton Roads at 7:30 last evening, in tow of the steamer State of Georgia. The following is Captain Shufeldt's statement:

The engine was smashed, when the steamer was thirty-six hours from New York, and 36 miles S. S. E. of Cape Hatteras. After separating from the Dunbarton on the 7th, the Quaker City made her way northeast under canvas. At 6 o'clock in the afternoon of the 9th, she was in latitude 20 deg., 58 min., longitude 74 deg., 28 min., 120 miles from the first point. A steamer bound south passed without noticing our signal of distress or the firing of our guns, although she was apparently near enough for both. At 6:30 P. M., the schooner King Fisher of New York, the name of whose Captain is unknown, bore away for us, and with the true characteristics of seamen, hailed us and said she would stick by us till the last, which was faithfully performed. The brig Lena, of Alexandria, Va., also answered our signals, and laid by us until she was sent in search of a steamer.

At 7 o'clock in the evening, a gale from the northward, of great force, struck the ship, when she laid her head to the eastward, behaving admirably for forty-eight hours. During this time, it became necessary to have overboard her deck freight.

At noon, on the 11th, the gale having abated, lat. 36 deg 30 min, long. 74 deg. 23 min, she was taken in tow by the King Fisher, and aided by her own sails, succeeded in sailing twenty miles westward, when, at midnight, the State of Georgia ran down and took us in tow, being sixty miles N. E. of Cape Henry.

From Havana.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 12.—The steamship Empire City, from Havana 8th inst., had arrived with a quarter of a million dollars in specie.

Sugars had slightly improved. There was also an improvement in freights.

THE CITY.

SHARP UP.—A buggy cot knocked into pi on West Madison street, yesterday morning.

THE WENONA PROPELLER.—The disabled propeller Wenona is now at Milwaukee, to be towed hither by the propeller Galena.

CIRCUIT COURT.—Before Judge Mannierre a number of important cases are being argued upon motions of continuance and demurrers.

SUPERIOR COURT.—Before Judge Higgings yesterday the case of Baldwin vs. Foreman Brothers, alleged fraud, was on trial yesterday.

REFORM SCHOOL.—A boy named Samuel Dore was sent to the Reform School yesterday for vagrancy. It will do that *Dore* a benefit to be shut in there for a time.

THE WEATHER.—The weather was changeful, squally, showery and sloppy throughout yesterday. We put the fact on record, though everybody about town "knew it all the while."

THE FIRE THIEF.—The case against Thompson, charged with larceny at the great fire in the West Division, is set down for a hearing on Saturday.

AUCTION SALE.—See advertisement in another column, of a large sale of furniture, household goods, &c., by Gilbert & Sampson, auctioneers, this morning, at 9½ o'clock, at No. 82 Lake-st.

No. 100 DEARBORN STREET.—Messrs. Norris & Hyde No. 100, have late sporting papers, "all about the prize fight," also late New York dailies.

NEW MANUFACTORIES.—On *"the Sands"* that were, north of the mouth of the river, a new establishment has gone into operation for the refining of camphene. An alcohol refinery has just been put up in the same vicinity.

LARCENY.—A couple of pails containing valuable plants, an oleander, and a lemon verbena were stolen from the doorstep of the residence of N. B. Newman, No. 79 Adams street last evening.

NEED LOOKING TO.—Divers places exist on State street where the repaving of the City Railway Company was imperfectly done. The track has sunken in spots, leaving ugly and dangerous ruts. They should be attended to at once.

A SAD CASE.—The unusual instance was presented in yesterday's Police Court of a father, mother and daughter being sent to Bridewell for drunken and disorderly conduct. Such was the fate of Michael and Catherine Cary and Bridget, their daughter.

RAILROAD APPOINTMENT.—R. E. Goodell, Esq., of Joliet, a relative of Gov. Matteson's, has just been appointed Superintendent of the Chicago, Alton & St. Louis Railroad, *vice* Mr. Abbott, resigned. The appointment is spoken of as a good and fitting one.

GENERAL CONVENTION.—This body of Bishops, clergy and laity of the Episcopal Church, is now in session at Richmond, Va. A file of the Richmond *Enquirer*, containing daily reports, may be seen at the office of the *Church Record*, in Portland block.

CHICAGO SUGAR REFINERY.—The Chicago Sugar Refining Company are just completing an addition to their Refinery, four stories high, sixty feet wide and sixty-five feet in depth, giving them most extensive premises. Their business must, from these indications, be both *sweet* and profitable.

SURELY everybody may be put on an excellent footing now, as by advertisement of E. S. Wells at the Metropolitan Shoe Store, he is selling choice Sewed Patent Leather Boots for $4.50 and $6.00. The latter have always brought an "X" in flush times. Mr. Wells is marking down to close out his very extensive stock.

"COME AGAIN JACK."—The ginger and molasses colored chap whose escapade from the Police Court dock has been noted, has been recaptured and sent to Bridewell. Jack is a capital cook, but of the bibulent school of philosophers always in liquor and in trouble, when not in the abode where no spirits can come.

THE OSHKOSH EXCURSIONISTS.—At one P. M, Wednesday the excursion train from this city was at Janesville. Our exchanges thereaway tell of a parade and procession, dinner at the Hyatt House, a drill by the Zouaves, fine music by the Light Guard Band, and then of the departure of the long train, four cars being added at Janesville. They return to Chicago this evening.

THE $15,000 WOODBURY VERDICT.—In the United States District Court, before Judge Drummond, in the case of City *vs* Allen Robbins, to recover back the amount of the Woodbury verdict under circumstances already familiar to our readers. The jury after having been out all night were unable to agree and have been discharged. The case passes to a new trial.

COLLISION.—Yesterday forenoon on State street near Jackson, one of the horse cars had a personal recontre with an elegant two-horse carriage, breaking the pole of the car, and damaging the fine paint and leather of the other. No one was injured. A little more caution on either side would have prevented the disaster. It may be briefly stated as a fact that the horse cars or their managers have no special purpose in running over street vehicles, nor on the other hand are there very many drivers of the latter that would willingly come into collision with the cars. Caution and patience all round are the best specifics.

ILLINOIS GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.—The Board of Directors of the Illinois Grand Trunk Railway have been in session several days at the Tremont House in this city. We notice among the number present, Gen. C. B. Stuart, of New York, President of the Company; Major R. H. Nolton, of Mendota, Secretary; and T. B. Blackstone of this city, Samuel Mitchell of Albany, E. B. Warner and A. J. Mattison of Prophetstown, Robert Rowe of Newark, and J. H. Moore of Lisbon, Directors. Also, James Oswald of Canada, and R. H. Colburn of Buffalo, New York, contractors of the Western Division of the route from Mendota to the Mississippi River.

EXTENSIVE LARCENY OF STONE.—A man named Dennis O'Brien was brought before Justice Milliken yesterday, charged with the somewhat cumbrous larceny of six canal boat loads of broken stone from the quarry at Athens, in the summer of 1858, under the following circumstances:

Mr. Prescott, the agent of the Illinois and Michigan Canal trustees, the owners of the stone, was the complaining witness. He states that he had a talk with O'Brien about the sale of some stone, but that nothing was completed.—Mr. P. went to New York, and in the interval of his absence O'Brien, with his canal boat *Stephen A. Douglas*, without authority, hauled away the stone, and has since refused to account for it. He was held in $600. The stone was valued at about $130.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.—The sewer is being rapidly extended along State street south from Twelfth; to the present interruption however of the Horse Railroad.

A large sewer is being put in on West Kinzie street, to be completed the present Fall.

Kinzie street bridge has been so far carried to completion, that it has been swung. It will shortly be in full use.

The project for a bridge across the river from State to Wolcott street grows in favor. The necessity of some such relief and convenience to the wide intermediate space between Clark and Rush streets is apparent, and nobody seems to think it worth while to wait for the Tunnel.

South Clark street as now completed to the present lower extremity of the Nicholson pavement, is a noble avenue and hardly recognizable as the distressed thoroughfare, a nuisance to itself and everybody else these five years preceding its redemption. We are glad to notice that the property owners along the whole extent of the improvement have very generally responded in the matter of sidewalks and building changes. For entire blocks the old grade is a thing of history merely.

The Gregory Case—Detaining Witnesses.

One feature in the Gregory, case referred to elsewhere, deserves notice and should be made to introduce a reform thorough and speedy in the present unjust and inhuman manner of detaining important witnesses to secure their attendance at trials.

The young man Gregory who being poor and friendless was unable to give recognizances for his appearances, has been a prisoner in our jail for nearly three months on common jail fare. The arrangements provided by the county do not make such cases optional with the jailor. There are no distinctions in the accommodations provided and it seems to us that poor Gregory has been very severely punished by the public, *because* he was the victim of a gross and brutal assault and robbery.

The Supervisors and Building Committee should give this matter early and full attention. As in other cities accommodations of a better grade, and freedom from contact and confinement with the low herd of common jail birds should be given to witnesses detained for the furtherance of the ends of justice merely. In some countries the proceedings against witnesses savor so much of dread penalty that the discoverer of a murdered corpse, or of a fearful crime committed, flees for his own personal safety, not daring to rouse a jealous and too indiscriminate law. What other than this is the tendency in our own communities if the witness is so harshly treated as to inspire a dread of letting it be known, even if he possesses the means of bringing down justice upon an offender. Said Gregory the other day in view of twelve long weeks of hard jail fare, "It is worse than the robbery, I wish I had not let it be known."

There is a justness in his petition presented to the Court yesterday, that he receive some aid pecuniarily in his present forlorn condition. He came to this city with ninety dollars in money, a young mechanic on his way East. He was robbed of every penny in our streets. Public justice in aiming at the guilty highwaymen must needs, as was indeed indispensable, detain him to point and direct the penalty, and in our opinion it owes the poor young man a debt, something to meet his present needs.

At least this case should effect such needed reforms in our jail as belong to and tarry for the Building Committee, and all humanity and all reason, it would seem, are pressing upon them the needed remedy. Remove the records from the Court House and give their space on the main floor for enlarged jail accommodations, or else—build a new jail. The former will doubtless be the plan adopted, and the sooner the better.

One other point should weigh with Gregory and all similarly situated young men, visiting strange cities with money in their pockets. Look to the company you keep. If Gregory had not thrown himself in the way of loose and hilarious companions, he would have been safe. Let him look like new, thus saving at least 75 per cent. of what it would cost you for new clothes. The ladies will please remember their Premium Dye House, at 123 Clark street.

☞ GENTLEMEN:—If you are in need of either a dress or business suit, and wish it made up in good style and warranted to fit, take our advice and go to J. H. Ely's 107 Randolph St. He has a large and elegant assortment of peice goods, including some in style of Chinchilla Beaver and Cassimere Cloths, Dress Goods, &c., and his cutter is the best in the city.

☞ Double distilled fits to competitors, but splendid, easy, graceful fits to his customers. Ready made or to order, is what Tarpey administers in large doses daily, at New York prices.

☞ Read the statement below made by Prof. E. N. Kent, Chemist, New York. Then call and purchase a Keystone or Coal Lamp at the Lamp and Oil Emporium, 126 South Clark street.

To produce the same amount of light as from one gallon of Kerosene Oil at $1.50, will require—

6 gallons Burning Fluid, at 75c	$4 50
2¾ gallons of Sperm Oil, at $1.50	4 12½
3¾ gallons of Lard Oil, 1.25	4 68
4 gallons of Whale Oil, at 75c	3 00
18 pounds of Sperm Candles, at 45c	8 10
24 pounds of Tallow Candles, at 15c	3 75

☞ Lamps altered and repaired. oc12-44

TO LIQUOR DEALERS AND DRUGGISTS.—The subscriber has the agency for G. C. Paoli & Co.'s superior Cologne Spirits, Pure Spirits and Alcohol.

These goods were awarded first premiums at the World's Fair, held in New York, 1853, and in the late U. S. Fair in this city.

Liquor dealers will find these goods a desideratum for its purity, uniformity and mildness —preferable to any other in mixing with fine imported liquors.

Always on hand and sold at lowest market prices. Apply to

LEWIS J. MAGNUSSON,
89 South Water street.

☞ See advertisement of Cornell & Co.'s two-thread noiseless premium Sewing Machine and universal hemmer, No. 153 Lake st. au27-1y

☞ Vichot! Conchas!! Comerciales La Orleans Regalia de Londres!!!! La Mejor De La Habana!!!!! Choice and select brands of Cigars just received by D. W. Corbin & Co., 63 South Clark street. Try them.

General Notices.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The extension of the above Railway to SARNIA, and the completion of the New Line between

PORT HURON AND DETROIT

on the 1st of November next will form a continuous road under one management from Detroit, Mich., to Toronto, Kingston, Montreal, Quebec and Portland, Me., thereby establishing a new and FIRST CLASS ROUTE between the

Western and New England States.

The connection formed at Detroit with the Michigan Central and Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Railroads, will enable Through Tickets to be sent through

Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati

with but ONE TRANSHIPMENT, as the completion of the Great Victoria Bridge in this year, and the Ferry Steamboats will prevent any interruption to the traffic.

At PORTLAND the Grand Trunk connects with the Rail roads leading into BOSTON, also with a

First-Class Line of Powerful Steamers,

which leave Portland and Boston every evening.

The magnificent vessels forming the line of the "MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY" between Quebec and Liverpool during winter, waiting the arrival of the connecting trains of the Grand Trunk Railway Passengers and Freight Booked Through, and put on board FREE OF EXPENSE.

At Sarnia (opposite Port Huron) the company have built a splendid Freight warehouse, and after the 1st inst. will be prepared to receive four and other rolling freight intended to go eastward by Railway, and store the same for reasonable charges. FREE OF WHARFAGE.

An Elevator of large capacity is in course of erection at Sarnia, and will shortly be ready for receiving grain.

For further information apply to

J. HICKS, Gen. Manager, Montreal.
M. PENNINGTON, Gen. Ticket Agent, Montreal.
H. BAILEY, General Manager, Montreal.
General Offices, Moulton's, G. T. R., Oct. 10, 1859. oct10-d7-2w

REMOVAL.—Baber & Starmer would announce to the public that they have removed their stock of Boots and Shoes to No. 53 Clark street, Tank R. R. Block, Sherman House, and are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gaiters, Slippers and Boots. oc13-d6t-3m

CARRIAGE AND HARNESS.—A modern built, light running carriage, but little used, made by Meeker, for sale low if applied for soon. It may be seen at the corner of No. 111 Lake street.

WHO'S SEEKING FOR A BARGAIN?—For sale, one of the best saloons in the State of Wisconsin, doing a flourishing business, well situated on the Rock River, City of Janesville. To a purchaser, the best of reasons will be given, why the present proprietor wishes to part with it. Attached to the saloon is a first class billiard room and bowling alley. Terms most favorable. For particulars address box No. 32, Janesville, Wisconsin. oct7 2w3

FIFTY CASES MEN'S FRENCH CALF (Sewed) PATENT LEATHER BOOTS, from one of the best manufactories in the United States, and will be sold by the sample pair or by the dozen as follows:

LONG TOPS	$5 per pair.
SHORT	4.50

For cash only at E. S. WELLS, 103 Randolph street, oct13-d6t-2w Metropolitan Block.

$50 PREMIUM.—The Committee having failed to award the premium offered by the Board of Trade, for the best Sewing Machine for farmers' use, in separating oats from wheat, which might be established as the test of the United States Agricultural Society, have decided to have an exhibition and trial at the warehouse of W. Munger & Co., on Thursday the 13th day of October, of all Fanning Mills for that purpose that may be offered for trial, and will award for the successful one the above premium of fifty dollars, and furnish to the owner thereof a certificate from the Board of Trade of said award.

SETH CATLIN,
Secretary of the Board of Trade.
oct3 s200 2w

GEORGE FORSTER, LADIES and Gentlemen's HAIR DRESSER, WIG MAKER, And importer of Hair, 128 Randolph street, (up-stairs) Chicago, was awarded the Silver Medal at the U. S. Fair. Would call the attention of the public to his large stock of Ladies and Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, &c., which he also manufactures to order. Orders from abroad promptly attended to. The entrance for a lady should be taken in the following way: 1st, the round of the head; 2d, from ear to ear over the forehead; 3d, from the middle of the forehead where the hair commences over the crown down to the neck; 4th, from ear to ear over the crown. oct5 2w*

NOTICE TO PROVISION DEALERS.

J. G. LAW & CO.,

of Chicago, Ill., take this method of informing the trade that they have just completed the extensive improvement to their

Slaughtering and Packing House,

Formerly owned by Moore, Severns & Co., of this city, and are now ready to receive orders for any amount that may be desired, either of Beef or Pork. The capacities of this house are such that they will be able to slaughter and pack of each kind per day, 300 head of cattle and 600 head of hogs.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Being determined to adhere strictly to the Commission business in packing, they hope to receive a liberal share of patronage.

John Sharp is their legally authorized agent for the transaction of any and all business connected with the concern, and any arrangement made with him will be duly honored.

SAML FAVORITE, J. G. LAW
Dayton, Indiana. Chicago, Illinois.
au28 s350 3m

RIVER AND HARBOR WORK. We are prepared to do all kinds of DREDGING and HARBOR WORK at unprecedentedly low prices. Parties desiring to contract for such work will find it for their interest to give us a call. Office, 218 Washington-st. PARSONS & HAY.
Office 9 July 1st 1859. aul-5m-3-72

BREWERS AND DISTILLERS. A superior article of winter-made Barley Malt, from Selected Canada Barley, also, prime Jacksonville Teal Malt in barrels. All manufactured at Cold Spring Malt House, Menfield, N. Y. Constantly on hand, and for sale at lowest cash prices, by A. G. MOREY,
19 South Water street.

☞ Come and examine Quality of Stock, and Prices, before buying elsewhere. Orders from the country promptly filled. au1-4m-s14

BUCK GLOVES & MITTENS—The best goods and most of them to be found in the market are at BOWEN'S old established

CHEAP ONE PRICE GLOVE STORE,
20 ..... CLARK STREET 20

Up stairs. They have been sold off this season, and the price is so low as to secure their sale to those who will come and buy or send their orders. ☞ Lumbermen's Mittens and Fur Gloves very cheap. se19 s403 3m

BUFFALO ROBES.

We have on hand and to arrive,

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY BALES OF BUFFALO ROBES,

Direct from the Traders in the Indian Country, that we can sell very low for cash.

These goods are all of the best descriptions of Indian dressed and whole robes.

E. R. KELLOGG & CO.,
Hats, Caps and Furs,
oct4 s603 1m 62 Lake, cor. State-st., Chicago, Ill.

SWEDISH LEECHES—Received Weekly at

GALE BROTHERS,
Family Prescription Store,
se21 99 Randolph street.

TOILET GOODS, COMBS BRUSHES, PERFUMERY,

and everything found in a first-class Drug Store, for sale by STEBBINS & CRAMPTON,
oct3-s461-2w 196 Clark street, near Madison.

MICA, OR ISINGLASS, FOR STOVES,

For sale by J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake st.

STOVE POLISH, BY GROSS OR ROLL,

For sale by J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake st.

POWDERED HERBS For sale by J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake-st.

AUSTIN'S GENUINE KEROSENE, —AT— NO. 154 SOUTH WATER STREET, oct5-s459-1w A. E. GOODRICH & CO.

AUSTIN'S GENUINE KEROSENE. Always on hand at 154 South Water Street, oct5-s459-1w A. E. GOODRICH & CO.

AUSTIN'S GENUINE KEROSENE,

For sale Wholesale or Retail by E. GOODRICH & CO., 154 South Water st. oct5-s459-1w

New Advertisements.

☞ *C. H. SCRIVEN, Advertising Agent, 53 Dearborn-st is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West.* jal-1054-y

WOOD. WOOD. WOOD. Good Beech and Maple Wood for $4.50 per cord on the Dock—lifted Wood Yard East of Rush street Bridge, near McCormick's. oct4x1t

WE HAVE ON HAND TWENTY reams POSTER PAPER, assorted colors, which we can work up into Posters of any size you may want. Inquire of WM. H. RAND, Press and Tribune Office.

WANTED—A Partner who has some cash capital to engage in buying and selling Grain. Address GRAIN, box 854, Chicago. oct4x3t

WANTED—To exchange a lot of first-class Boots and Shoes in quantities from $5 to $1,000 for Produce, Grain, Wood, &c.
C. E. WISWALL, 133 Lake street.

TO RENT—Very cheap, a two story dwelling house, Northeast corner North Dearborn and Chestnut streets, with nine rooms, a pleasant yard and a good barn. Possession given immediately. Inquire of GALLUP & RITCHCOCK, No. 10 So. Clark. oct4x3t

SHAFTING, HANGERS AND PULLEYS for sale cheap at Press and Tribune Office, 51 Clark street. WM. H. RAND.

BOARDING—A very pleasant suit of rooms for a gentleman and his wife may be had in a most desirable location on Wabash avenue, by applying at 109 of that street. oct14x1t*

BOARDING—A Gentleman and his Wife, and few single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board at 84 Adams street, between State and Clark streets.

BOARDING—A fine suit of furnished front rooms suitable for three gentlemen or a family, with board, can be obtained by applying at No. 12 Michigan avenue. oct14-7tx

SECOND-HAND FONTS WOOD and POSTER TYPE for sale at Press and Tribune Office, 51 Clark street. WM. H. RAND.

$100 A YEAR—TO RENT—A Cottage containing four rooms, hall and pantry, with the garden adjacent, on Chicago near Milwaukee avenue. FRANKLIN WEBSTER, 101 Methodist Block, corner Clark and Washington streets. oct14-s656-1w

$300.—A young married man, with good book-keeping penmanship, wishes a situation at $300 salary. Can give best of references. Address "B. A." Press and Tribune office. oct14-s655-1w

YANKEE FIRE KINDLERS composed of inflammable gums, will start a wood or coal fire quicker than any other known substance, and for efficiency, economy and cleanliness, are found indispensible in every family. Price only 30 cents per packet, containing enough to kindle 3 fires. Sold at the manufactory, 37 South Clark street, and at the principal Groceries. oct14-93x

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN, one SINGLE and one DOUBLE STAND, inquire at Press and Tribune office of WM. H. RAND.

THE CLEVELAND LIGHT TO BE RELIGHTED.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

On and after the 15th day of October, 1859, there will be a fixed light of the large fourth order of the system of Fresnel Catoptric, shown at the Lighthouse at the mouth of Cleveland Ohio.

Capt. A. W. WHIPPLE,
oct14 s657 3t Light House Inspector, 1st District.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between Dickson Watson, James A. Crawford, Perry A. Wilbur, and John Crerar, under the name and style of Watson & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the Grand Trunk Railway Clothing House of A. Crawford and Perry A. Wilbur, who are alone authorized to use the firm name and in the settlement of the late business.

DICKSON WATSON,
JAS. A. CRAWFORD,
P. A. WILBUR,
J. N. DICKSON.

NEWCAS

Press & Tribune.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1859.

A POLITICAL FIREBRAND-MONGER.

In his Dorr letter Mr. Douglas declares the prohibition of the African slave trade to be one of the "compromises of the Constitution." We beg to direct attention to the peculiar phraseology which he chose to employ. He was asked plainly and directly, whether he was in favor of or opposed to the re-opening of the slave trade. A plain and direct answer yes or nay, would not suit his purpose. If for it, he would offend the North—if against it, he would give mortal offence to the South. So to please the former and not give offence to the latter, he said, the prohibition of the slave trade is one of the *compromises* of the Constitution, and I am, for that reason, opposed to re-opening it. Had the same question been put to any other man in the nation, an explicit answer would undoubtedly have been given, based upon the principle involved in enslaving men or upon an open repudiation of that principle. But Douglas ignores the existence of any *principle* that would be infringed by the opening of the slave trade, and so far as he has any opposition to offer to it, he bases it wholly upon the assumption that its prohibition was the result of a *compromise*. Herein lies the dodge—a dodge equally adroit with by means of which a domain consecrated to freedom was thrown open to slavery under the plea of popular sovereignty.

If the public were in the dark as to Mr. Douglas' notions about the sacredness or binding obligation of compromises, the inference would be natural that he is unalterably opposed to the re-opening of the slave trade; but if his language be considered in connection with his public record, the inference is irresistible that at the proper time he intends giving his support to a proposition of that character. Because it is well known that Mr. Douglas has never yet eulogised a compromise for being in any way "akin to the Constitution," which he was not the first to violate. What he now says about this newly discovered compromise, is incomparably less fervid than his declamation about the sacred character of the Missouri Compromise only a short time before he laid "ruthless hands" upon it. And as he finally broke down the latter upon the pretence that it was repugnant to the principle of popular sovereignty, why should it be expected that he will refrain from the same course with respect to the former, which is equally as repugnant to that "great principle" as he defines it.

The phraseology of the Dorr letter, while it was intended to be satisfactory to the North, is equivalent to saying to the South, "Gentlemen, you see that my position is not irreconcilable with yours. Mark, I do not say that the slave-trade is repugnant to our fundamental law—that there is any constitutional provision against it—but only that one of the compromises of those who framed the Constitution is against it. This is all you can, or ought to, ask now of a Northern man. You are divided, yourselves, upon the question. It will be some years yet before the South will come up with an unbroken front, and demand the repeal of the laws prohibiting the slave-trade. Meanwhile, my position leaves me free to go with you here, while, if were I to take stronger grounds *now*, I should destroy the power which I possess at the North, and which I never fail in the end to employ for advancing your interests. Wait. When the proper time comes, I shall be with you. The 'compromise' will then go to the wall by virtue of my great principle." The Mobile *Register*, the leading Southern organ of Mr. Douglas, has, and doubtless not without authority, placed this construction upon the Dorr letter. It pronounces the letter eminently satisfactory—all that the friends of the slave trade, in the present stage of that question, have any right to ask of their Northern coadjutors. If the fire-eaters generally do not accept of Douglas, with the *Register's* exposition of his views on the opening of the slave-trade, it will not be so much on account of doubts as to his fidelity to their interests as from a determination to make their Northern vassels more subservient than they have ever heretofore dared to be.

The Easterly Current.

Mr. La Mountain says that he had an idea of making a long voyage when he started, as he was mindful both of his engagement at Kingston and of the comfort of his editorial fellow passenger, who had little time for a fall vacation and could not be spared from his sanctum. He carried up no provisions of consequence, and was poorly supplied with things pertaining to his comfort. At the altitude of 5,000 feet they struck the Easterly current. Floating onward and rising up in it, they found themselves still within its influence at the height of 3½ miles. He says:—

As some journals have argued, judging from the point at which we landed, that the Easterly current is not always reliable, I pause here to remark that I never found it more so than on Thursday. I thought then, and still continue to think, that had I remained an altitude of two and a half miles, I could have crossed the ocean in thirty-six hours, and without using any more labor than in making an ordinary local ascension. It must be remembered that it was when we left this ever-reliable stratum, and descended into the local currents, that we were carried in a Northerly course.

This statement and former observations of La Mountain and Wise, corroborate the theory that the Easterly current is in the atmosphere at a pretty defined height, and that below or above, currents vary in force and direction, the wind blowing "where it listeth."

The voyagers complain of great difficulty in ascertaining the direction in which they were moving. But the compass, faithfully pointing to the North, should indicate it. Just as in a dark night at sea, with no objects in sight, the course is kept unerringly. The balloon buoyed up in the air is not unlike the vessel sustained upon the water. It is customary for aeronauts to determine whether they are ascending or descending, by throwing over bits of paper and noting their course. If the paper is swept swiftly aloft, the balloon is falling; if it disappears below, the balloon is rising. So a slip of paper thrown into the air, and its direction observed compared with the compass, should indicate the course in which the balloon is moving.

The Career of a Villain.

As our readers will remember, Joseph Lacy was a short time since convicted of setting fire to the town of Oshkosh, Wis., on the 10th of May last, by which nearly the whole town was destroyed, at a loss of about $500,000, and he was sentenced to fourteen years' confinement in the State Prison. Lacy is about 38 years of age, and was born in Monroe county, New York. He commenced his career of crime by a robbery at Rochester, New York, on the tow-path of the canal, and was convicted and sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary, at Auburn. At the expiration of his sentence, he removed to Wisconsin. At this time he committed a robbery upon an old man who was boarding at his house. Last spring he opened a house of ill-fame in Oshkosh, Wis., which soon became so notorious that the citizens of that place requested him several times to leave. He invariably refused, and finally carried his evil doings to such a pitch, that they burned his house and drove him out of the place. He left, swearing revenge, and on the night of the 10th of May, the town was fired and burned, as above stated.

American Watches.

Our readers will recollect that not long ago we published an elaborate account of the American Watch Company's Factory, at Waltham, Massachusetts, and predicted for its products a large and enduring success. That result has been accomplished beyond the most extravagant hopes of its managers, and their watches are now the trusty companions of thousands of the best class of the community with whom time is emphatically money. They have proved to be, what we then insisted they couldn't help being, the most uniformly reliable and substantial watch in the world, and we are informed that even the prejudices of foreign watch repairers, working in this country, are gradually giving way to the irrefutable argument furnished by the steady and accurate performances of these timekeepers. In many instances, to our certain knowledge, their accuracy is, and has been, almost unparalleled, rivaling that of the best Marine Chronometers, and in all cases so exact as to accomplish all the practical purposes of a pocket time piece. More than 17,000 persons in the United States are now wearing American watches, and the Company have on hand, or have in a half dozen complaints from all that number, and those arising from some accidental defect. Sound advice to purchasers of the watches.—*N. Y. Spirit of the Times.*

THE FATE OF SIR JOHN FRANKLIN

Cruise of the Steamer Fox in the Polar Sea.

From the mass of interesting facts and records gathered by Capt. McClintock in his late successful search for Sir John Franklin, we make the following summary in as intelligible a form for the general reader as it can be presented with the aid of American maps of the Arctic regions.

The steam yacht Fox, Capt. F. L. McClintock, and 25 men, sailed from England in the fall of 1857. Reaching Davis' Straits the same winter, they became imbedded in the ice and drifted back and forth, and southward; gradually the proportion of water increased, until at length the ice which intervened was reduced to three or four miles in width. But this was firmly held fast by numerous islets, and withstood the violence of the autumn gales. It was tantalizing beyond description, says Capt. McClintock, thus to watch *from day to day* the free water which we could not reach, and which washed the rocky shores a few miles to the south-southward of us. From this point Lieut. Hobson was sent out with depots of provisions which he was to leave at the "magnetic pole" discovered by Ross in 1831, but the separation of the ice from the mainland foiled the attempt and very nearly cost the lives of the party. The crew then went into winter quarters at the entrance of Bellot Strait, where they remained 111 months. Hunting parties scoured the country during the winter but the only results of their foraging were 8 reindeer, 3 polar bears, 18 seals and 1 pair of waterfowl.

Early the next spring the expedition divided into three parties to explore the country between the parallels 67 and 75, and the meridians 90 and 100—one under Lieut. Hobson, another under Capt. Allen Young, and the third under Capt. McClintock. Lieut. Hobson's party took the western shore of Boothia, Young's assayed the exploration of Prince of Wales' Land, and McClintock's made for King William's Island. On the 28th of February McClintock fell in with a small party of Esquimaux who told him that several years ago a ship was crushed by the ice off the north shore of King William's Island, but that all her people landed safely, and went away to the Great Fish River, where they died. This tribe was well supplied with wood, obtained, they said, from a boat built by the white men on the Great River. Three months later he came upon an Esquimaux village containing about thirty inhabitants, among whom he found a great quantity of European relics. "We could not carry away all we might have purchased." "Most of our information," continues the report, "was received from an intelligent old woman; she said it was on the fall of the year that a ship was forced ashore; many of the white men dropped by the way as they went towards the Great River; but this was only known to them in the winter following, when their bodies were discovered." The natives directed them Point Ogle and Montreal Island at the estuary of Great Fish River, which they explored without any satisfactory results. They then recrossed Simpson's Strait to King William's Island, where on the 24th of May they found a bleached skeleton with some fragments of European clothing and a pocket-book containing some letters very much decayed. The position of the skeleton verified the assertion of the natives that they dropped as they went along.

The narrative now turns to Lieutenant Hobson's expedition. This party proceeded along the coast of Boothia to Cape Felix, the easternmost point of land in Boothia Gulf, where they found a very large cairn, and close to it three small tents, with blankets, old clothes, and other relics of a shooting or a magnetic station; but although the cairn was dug under, and a trench dug all round it at a distance of ten feet, no record was discovered. A piece of blank paper folded up was found in the cairn, and two broken bottles, which may, perhaps, have contained records, lay beside it among some stones which had fallen from off the top. On the 6th of May, Lieutenant Hobson pitched his tent beside a large cairn upon Mount Victory, the northernmost point of King William's Island. Lying among some loose stones which had fallen from the top of this cairn, was found a small tin case containing a record, the substance of which is briefly as follows:—This cairn was built by the Franklin expedition, upon the assumed site of Sir James Ross's pillar, which had not been found. The Erebus and Terror spent their first winter at Beechy Island, after having ascended Wellington Channel to lat. 72 deg. N., and returned by the west side of Cornwallis Island. On the 12th of September, 1846, they were beset in lat. 70 05 N., and long. 98 W. Sir J. Franklin died on the 11th of June, 1847. On the 22d of April, 1848, the ships were abandoned five leagues to the N.N.W. of Point Victory, and the survivors, 105 in number, landed here under the command of Captain Crozier. This paper was dated April 25, 1848, and upon the following day they intended to start for the Great Fish River. The total loss by deaths in the expedition, up to this date, was nine officers and fifteen men. A vast quantity of clothing and stores of all sorts lay strewed about, as if here every article was thrown away which could possibly be dispensed with: pickaxes, shovels, boats, cooking utensils, ironwork, rope, blocks, canvas, a dip circle, a sextant engraved "Frederic Hornby, R. N.," a small medicine chest, oars, &c.

It should be observed that the point specified in the record as having been reached on the 12th of September, 1846, is a region wholly unknown to the civilized world. No navigator ever before penetrated to that latitude north of Cornwallis Island and Grinnell Land, though Kane, Parry, and Franklin himself went nearer the pole on other meridians. Lieut. Hobson after his important discovery, returned to the general rendezvous.

McClintock and Hobson then started out together. In latitude 69 deg. 9 mm., longitude 99 deg. 27 min they discovered a large boat, which it appeared had been intended for the ascent of the Fish River, but was abandoned apparently upon a return journey to the ships, the sledge upon which she was mounted being pointed in that direction. She measured 28 feet in length, by 7½ feet wide, was most carefully fitted, and made as light as possible, but the sledge was of solid oak, and almost as heavy as the boat. A large quantity of clothing was found within her, also two human skeletons. One of these lay in the after part of the boat, under a pile of clothing; the other, which was much more disturbed, probably by animals, was found in the bow. Fine pocket watches, a quantity of silver spoons and forks, and a few religious books were also found, but no journals, pocket-books, or even names upon any articles of clothing. Two double-barrelled guns stood upright against the boat's side precisely as they had been placed eleven years before. One barrel in each was loaded and cocked; there was ammunition in abundance, also thirty pounds or forty pounds of chocolate, some tea and tobacco. Fuel was not wanting; a drift tree lay within one hundred yards of the boat.

"From all that can be gleaned from the record paper, and the evidence afforded by the boat, and various articles of clothing and equipment discovered," adds Capt. McClintock, "it appears that the abandonment of the Erebus and Terror had been deliberately arranged, and every effort exerted during the third Winter to render the traveling equipments complete. It is much to be apprehended that disease had greatly reduced the strength of all on board, far more perhaps than they themselves were aware of. The distance, by sledge route, from the position of the ships when abandoned, to the boat is 65 geographical miles; and from the ships to Montreal Island, 220 miles."

On the 9th of August, 1859, the Fox started on her homeward trip with her gallant crew and a large quantity of interesting relics. She passed out of Prince Regent's Inlet, through Lancaster Sound, and reached Godhaven on the 27th. On the first of September her prow was turned towards England, and she was moored in the East India Docks, London, on the 22d.

Capt. McClintock, with the modesty characteristic of bravery, ascribes the success of the expedition to the talents and unswerving devotion of his companions, officers and men.

Governor Lincoln.

The New York *Independent* calls "Old Abe" *Governor* Lincoln. The mistake, however, is a small one, as he might be Governor if he desired. The *Independent* is highly pleased with the following extract, taken from his Cincinnati speech:

"I think we want and must have a national policy in regard to the institution of slavery, that acknowledges and deals with that institution as being wrong. (Loud cheering.) Whose ever desires the prevention of the spread of slavery and the nationalization of that institution, yields and gives up all, when he yields to any policy that either recognizes slavery as being right, or as being an indifferent thing. Nothing will make you successful but setting up a policy which shall treat the thing as being wrong. When I say this, I do not mean to say this general government is charged with the duty of reforming or reforming all the wrongs in the world. But I do think that it is charged with the duty of preventing and redressing all wrongs in itself. This Government is especially charged with the duty of providing for the general welfare; we believe that the spreading out and perpetuity of the institution of slavery impairs the general welfare. We believe—nay, we know—that that is the only thing that has ever threatened the perpetuity of the Union itself; the only thing that has ever menaced the destruction of the Government under which we live, is this very thing. To repress this thing, we think, is providing for the general welfare.

We reprint a pair of extracts from Mr. Lincoln's speeches last fall, which we doubt not will be equally gratifying to the *Independent*:

WHAT MAY WE LOOK FOR AFTER THE NEXT DRED SCOTT DECISION?

"My friends, I have endeavored to show you the logical consequences of the Dred Scott decision, which holds that the people of a Territory cannot prevent the establishment of slavery in their midst. I have stated what cannot be gainsayed—that the reasons upon which this decision is made are equally applicable to the United States as to the Free Territories, and that the peculiar reasons put forth by Judge Douglas for indorsing this decision, commit him in advance to the indorsement of, and to all other decisions emanating from the same source. And when by all these means you have succeeded in dehumanizing the negro; when you have put him down, and made it impossible for him to be but as the beasts of the field; when you have extinguished his soul, and placed him where the ray of hope is blown out in the darkness that broods over the spirits of the damned; are you quite sure the demon you have roused will not turn and rend you? What assurance is the bulwark of our own liberty and independence? It is not our frowning battlements, our bristling sea coasts, the guns of our war steamers, or the strength of our gallant and disciplined army. These are not our reliance against a resumption of tyranny in our fair land. All of these may be turned against our liberties, without making us stronger or weaker for the struggle. Our reliance is in the love of liberty which God has planted in our bosoms. Our defence is in the preservation of the spirit which prizes liberty as the heritage of all men, in all lands, everywhere. Destroy this spirit, and you have planted the seeds of despotism around your own doors. Familiarize yourselves with the chains of bondage, and you are preparing your own limbs to wear them. Accustomed to trample on the rights of those around you, you have lost the genius of your own independence, and become the fit subjects of the first cunning tyrant who rises among you. And let me tell you, that all these things are prepared for you with the sure logic of history, if the elections shall promise that the next Dred Scott decision and all future decisions will be quietly acquiesced in by the people."—[Loud and prolonged applause.]

THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

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...ks, St.

...ER'S

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...the market, and ...MAN ANY OTHER SAFE ...HE WORLD!

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...ESTER, Agents, ...Address,

...'S IMPROVED ...and Locks.

...OOLLEY, ...Scale Depot, ...reet, Chicago, Ill.

...NK AND HOUSE ...anufactory,

...espectfully inform their friends ...re opened ...IR NEW YORK HOUSE ...ere they intend manufacturing ...ds and House Locks ...HANGE. ...Trimmings.

...es of the latest improvements in ...ing of our work, we are enabled to ...be given to the Ball Hanging and ...DAY NEWELL & MINER, ...56 South Franklin St., Chicago.

...rship Notices.

...DISSOLUTION.— ...ship heretofore existing between ...Chicago, Ill., and MOSES ...E. T., under the firm name and style of ...Co., has been this day Sept. 26, ...consent. ARTHUR B. MEKKER, MOSES T. MEKKER.

...ARTHUR B. MEKKER.

...TNERSHIP HERE- ...tween the undersigned, under the ...& Co., is this day dissolved by mu- ...ue to, or holding claims ...her by, or otherwise, will ...esson & Morris, who alone are au- ...ness of the late firm.

MARTIN RYERSON, WATTS T. MILLER, ROBERT W. MORRIS.

F DISSOLUTION.—

...ship heretofore existing between ...Chicago, Ill., and Henry W. ...e, under the firm name and style of ...has been this day dissolved by mu- ...sent. The said Henry W. ...y indebtedness of said firm, and is ...all of its affairs of any and every ...CHARLES ANDERSON, HENRY W. ANDRESS.

...per Hangings and Window Shade ...ue, at the old established stand, ...8, as heretofore.

H. W. ANDRESS.

...lumbing.

...HFORD'S LEAD ...subscriber has erected a temporary ...ines lately burned over, and is now ...

...and Sheet Lead,

...Lead, ...Red Lead, and ...Lytharge.

...ly solicits the orders of his friends ...tomers as heretofore.

...BLATCHFORD, ...and Fulton streets, West Side.

...E AND FIXTURES.

...n & Wilder, ...street, - - - - Up Stairs. ...BAKER'S, PHILADELPHIA, ...Fixtures. ...sent in the city, comprising all Late ...ortment from list prices. Fitting 20 ...sels-1y-ad&f

...McFARLANE'S ...team Fitting ...—AND— ...ESTABLISHMENT, ...E STREET, CHICAGO.....54 ...—DEALERS IN— ...s and Iron Furniture, ...CAL PLUMBER ...and Manufacturer of ...S OF STEAM WORK.

...E TRADE.

...with tools and every article in the Gas ...Plumbing line. He is also ...and 169 East Washington street. ...my28-1y

...tors, Ranges, &c.

...S PATENT SELF- ...CLEANING ...ER FILTER.

...ttach to the Hydrant, to take the im- ...ter, by Diffusion, and Wash- ...tried to show its great value. ...FOR SALE AT ...EW Gas-Fitting Establishment, No. 44 ...ther, Agent for Proprietors. ISAAC BOWER.

...AS GEORGE.

...Lake Street . . . 201 ...IN STOVES, RANGES, ...Ventilators and House Furnishing ...Goods generally.

...MORNING STAR,

...Sad Iron. This is a very de- ...people want a good Baker and Water ...time. In for sale at 201 Lake street.

...Celebrated Cook Stove ...EW WORLD,

...street, with several other desirable ...patterns, ...PES, REGISTERS, &C., ...ting in Warm Air Furnaces—done at ...s workmen like manner, at the ...sell

...r and Findings,

...T, WOOLLEY CO. ...Lake Street.....No. 52 ...nufacturers and Dealers in

...DDLES,

...erv Hardware ...SE BLANKETS, ...ge Trimmings, ...LEATHER, ...ON, RUBBER AND LEATHER BELT- ...LACE LEATHER, &c., &c. ...sel-1y27-3m

...ER! LEATHER!!

...stors, and daily coming forward our Fa- ...Stock of ...mlock Sole Leather, ...Hemlock Upper, ...and Domestic Kip, ...and Domestic Calf, ...proof Kip, Calf & Upper, ...ovan, Buff Upper, &c., &c ...the largest assortment of ...d Shoe Findings, ...BE FOUND IN THE CITY, ...y will ensure satisfaction. Orders from ...carefully and promptly attended to. ...HARDENBERG & WILLIAMS, ...No. 29 Lake street, Chicago.

...RAGS, RAGS.—

...market price in ...Paid for Rags ...—AT THE— ...WAREHOUSE, ...WATER STREET, CHICAGO. ...from Franklin and Market Sts.)

...MILLER.

...d Rope, Canvas, Bagging, Waste Papers, ...Pamphlets, Spoiled Sheets, Metals &c. ...(sep2 ad2w-3m)

...SH & SYKES,

...PROPRIETORS OF ...CALORIC GRAIN DRYER, ...out of Rush-st. Bridge, Chicago. ...(cod&im) J. W. STEM.

...SCAVENGER.—

...ARLES KUNZ, ...cleaning of vaults and removing of any of ...ll parts of the city. Orders directed P. ...receive prompt attention. sel5 1m.

...T'S COOKING STOVE ...HAM.—The unrivaled superiority of ...has given rise to numerous imitations. The ...Premium (U. S. Agricultural Fair, 1859) ...Fair, and Admiral Fair, a good assort- ...Hollow Ware and Dampers.

...Kalamazoo, Mich., May 30, 1859.

Special Notices.

Cincinnati, Hamilton County, State of Ohio.—Before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace, in and for said county, personally came John Lee, who, being duly sworn, deposeth and said that he had been suffering with Chronic Diarrhœa for the past twenty two years, and had consulted, as I received prescriptions from all the principal Physicians in Philadelphia and Cincinnati, but all to no effect, as received no relief. At last, he was reduced to a mere skeleton, without even the hope of ever feeling relief; but, by the advice of a friend, was induced to try HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and, to his utter surprise, found relief from the first trial; and in less than two months, found himself perfectly cured of his complaint, and is daily recovering his strength of body, and increasing in flesh; and cheerfully gives this certificate, in the hope that others af- flicted like himself may be benefited. JOHN LEE.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, August 21st, 1854.

C. F. HANSELMAN, Justice of the Peace, No. 44 Western street, Cincinnati, O.

aug1-dw2w

New Publications.

A NEW VOLUME JUST RE- ceived.

SPLENDID ILLUSTRATED EDITION OF

COOPER'S NOVELS,

Issued in a style of Unsurpassed Elegance,

AND

ESPECIALLY ILLUSTRATED WITH FIVE HUNDRED ORIGINAL DESIGNS,

BY F. O. C. DARLEY.

THE ENTIRE SERIES EMBRACES:—The Pioneers, Red Rover, Last of the Mohicans, The Spy, Wept of Wish-ton-Wish, The Pilot, The Prairie, Wyandotte, The Deerslayer, The Pathfinder, The Water Witch, The Heidenmauer, The Headsman, The Monikins, Homeward Bound, Home as Found, Precaution, Miles Wallingford, Lionel Lincoln, The Two Admirals, Wing and Wing, The Bravo, Afloat and Ashore, Miles Wallingford, The Chainbearer, Satanstoe, The Ways of the Hour, The Red Skins, The Crater, Jack Tier, The Sea Lions, and Oak Openings.

NINE VOLUMES,

The Pioneers, Red Rover, Last of the Mohicans, The Spy, Wyandotte, The Pilot, The Prairie, The Deerslayer, The Headsman, are now ready and for sale by

H. B. KEEN, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Sole Agent for Illinois, No. 168 Lake street.

oct13

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—OF—

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Has been received

AND IS NOW FOR SALE

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TO CLOSE OUT the balance of the Edition we have re- duced the price of our City Directory to

TWO DOLLARS!

D. B. COOKE'S CITY DIRECTORY is a complete guide to the citizen and stranger, embracing the name, oc- cupation and address of every resident within the city boun- daries, merchants, bankers, laborers, manufacturers, agents and others. Indispensable requisite to every

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BOARDING HOUSE KEEPER.

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FOR SALE—At low prices and on very favorable terms.

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On Michigan avenue, Wabash street, Prairie avenue, Wabash avenue, Park avenue, Indiana street, Dearborn street, West Jackson street, Des Plaines street and West Van Buren street.

Also, Store Lots.

No. 5 Walker's Block, 54 Dearborn street.

HORSE RAILROAD, GAS AND WATER.

Beautiful Residence Lots,

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Price Low and Payments Easy.

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Several handsome lots within three minutes walk of the terminus of the Horse Railway, beautifully timbered and fronting on the Universities Road, for sale on long time.

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sep2-ad39-1m No. 111 Lake street.

LOTS FOR SALE AT LAKE FOREST, ILLINOIS.

The lots belonging to LIND UNIVERSITY, and now offered for sale are most favorably situated on the border of the Michigan, elevated one hundred feet above the level of the Lake, about twenty-five miles north of Chicago, on both sides of the Chicago and Milwaukee Railroads, and in the vicinity of our best physicians and healthful locality, and in the opinion of our best physicians the advantages for a health- ful resort and residence are not to be exceeded by any on the sea shore or in the Western country.

A fine University building (the preparatory department of Lind University) has been erected the past season, and is now in successful operation in charge of S. Miller, A. M.

A new Passenger Depot, a Store and more than a dozen dwellings have been erected within the past year.

In addition to the regular through trains as accommoda- tion trains leave Chicago at 8 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. the regular fare, leaves Chicago every evening, and returns every morning, thus affording business men an opportunity to spend the day in the city and be with their families at night.

A good hotel has been opened and in successful operation for more than a year past.

The Lake Forest Association have also a few lots, mostly for farming purposes, lying near the lake shore, containing from three to ten acres each, which will be sold at reasonable prices, and on usual terms.

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For further particulars apply to Peter Page, No. 11 Wash- ington street, Chicago, Illinois, Boston, Mass., Box 28, Chicago, Illinois. PETER PAGE, Agent. may4-6m

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79.....SOUTH CLARK STREET.....79

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Real Brazilian Pebble Spectacles constantly on hand. Also, Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Microscopes, Thermometers, Barometers, Hydrometers, Stereoscopes, Magic Lanterns, &c., &c. All goods are sold at the lowest New York prices. de13-1y&dly

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DR. UNDERWOOD,

Formerly of Louisville, Ky. now of Chicago Illinois, the fit- ting Night to the Blind, Speech to the Dumb, and Healing to the Deaf. Upwards of twenty-eight hundred persons have been received by Dr. U. within the last eighteen months, some of whom have been deaf and dumb from infancy, have been made to hear and speak. Many others who have been totally blind and deaf for months and years, have had their Sight and Hearing restored instantly by deli- cate and scientific manipulations. Persons who have suf- fered from disease have been speedily and permanently restored to good health and good spirits. Patients at a distance can have medicine sent them, (where surgical operations are not necessary,) by addressing Dr. Underwood, Box 1,000, Post Office, Chicago, Ill. sel5-1y-dw

KENOSHA WATER CURE.—

The Institution is situated in one of the pleasantest villages on Lake Michigan, eighty miles north of Chicago, and half- way between the cities of Racine and Southport. The Building is large and commodious, and is supplied with all the conveniences for the successful practice of the Water Cure. Every attention will be given to patients. For circulars address the Proprietor, C. P. WESTCOTT, Proprietor, Kenosha, Wis., May 30, 1859. and Physician.

Educational.

SLOAN'S DOUBLE CHAIN OF American and Foreign

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The oldest and most extensive in the West is situated in

METROPOLITAN CURTAIN BLOCK, CHICAGO, ILL.

Other Colleges connected with this will be located at all commercial centers in the world. The advantages are greater and the charges less than any other Commercial Col- lege in America. Full information will be furnished gratis, on application at the College or by letter. Life Scholarship only $50.00. Applicants enclose two letter stamps.

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The No. 8, Harrison street, near State. The Eighth School year will commence on Monday, September 5th. Terms from $6 to $12, according to the studies pursued. For further particulars apply from 8 to 9 o'clock, A. M. to

au20-d&1m H. O. SNOW, Principal.

F. G. BERTEAU'S ENGLISH and French Day and Boarding School for Young Ladies, No. 102 and 112 Cass street, corner of Erie. This Institution opened in 1857, combines all the advantages of the best schools in the East. The number of pupils is lim- ited.

For particulars and references see circular, which may be obtained at the Institution, or at S. C. Griggs & Co., Lake st., No. 39 and 41.

The next Term will begin on Tuesday, September 20th. au20-ad2t-3m

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Mercantile Colleges.

Located at Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland and Detroit. Subscriptions will be received for the entire "Chain Consolidation of Bryant & Stratton's Mercantile College" and "Bryant & Commercial College," now conducted as one institution, under the name and style of BRYANT, BELL & STRATTON. Page V. Bell, Joint Proprietor and Associate Principal of Chicago College. Circular and Catalogue of thirty pages furnished gratuitous- ly on application to the undersigned.

jan26dly BRYANT, BELL & STRATTON.

SNOW'S SEMINARY.—No. 275 Huron street, North Division. The fifth year will commence Monday, September 19th, 1859. Male and Female Department separate. Prices of tuition have been reduced three dollars per term. For further particulars, loan see Circulars at Cooke's Bookstore.

au20-ad1t-3m D. T. SNOW, Principal.

Pianos, Music, Etc.

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FOR THE NORTHWEST.

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95 . . . CLARK STREET, CHICAGO, . . . 95

Music Teachers and Dealers would do well to remember that ROOT & CADY keep the only complete stock of

MUSIC BOOKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

To be found in the Northwest, and that they sell for cash at Wholesale or Retail, at the Lowest Possible Prices. They are sole Agents for

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(Which, added to their already long list of honors, the only two Silver Medals are the highest prizes offered at the late U. S. Fair.)

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Lights & Bradburys' Piano Fortes,

MASON & HAMLIN'S MODEL MELODEONS, Made Pitch-Pipe, and Sole Agent, Wholesale and Retail, of OLIVER DITSON'S extensive Catalogue of Musical

IMPORTER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MUSICAL MERCHANDISE. New Pianos to Hire, where satisfactory references are given.

PIANOS TO RENT.

The highest price paid for old Pianos in exchange for new. H. M. H. respectfully announces to the public, that he has made arrangements with three of the oldest, extensive and reliable houses in the East (in the manufacture of Piano Fortes, Melodeons, and the publication of Music), for the exclusive agency, in this State, for the sale of aforesaid ar- ticles of Musical Merchandise. His reference of the high- est order, for the superiority of Lights and Bradbury's Piano Fortes, can be given at 45 Lake street, in Bryan Iron Front Block. ja15-1y&dly

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER Machine again victorious.

$1,000 Offered for its Equal

AT THE

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Immense Sale of over 35,000.

An increased demand, and public appreciation are better guarantees for merit, than

$100 Silver Pitchers.

The latter article not being necessary to keep up the re- putation of our

Justly Celebrated Sewing Machines.

These Machines have a world-wide reputation, and as a

Family Sewing Machine

Have no equal. This we can prove to any one who will call at our office. They have repeatedly taken

The First Premium

Over all others at hundreds of

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AT THE U. S. FAIR.

Every Machine warranted and sold at New York prices. Circulars and Agents supplied at a liberal Discount. Ad- dress GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., 115 Lake Street, Chicago.

$35 AND $40 SEWING MA- CHINES.

L. CORNELL & CO'S NEW AND IMPROVED

Double Lock, Tight, Fast Stitch.

WARRANTED to give as good satisfaction as the high- est priced in market. Make the same stitch as the $125 Ma- chine; are large, but neither under the arm or fall in the table, have the under feed, straight needle, sew from two common spools, do the same range of work, fell either side to the inch. RUN VERY EASY AND ALMOST NOISELESS, and are neatly finished. The same Machine will

Stitch, Hem, Fell, Tuck, Gather & Embroider,

and is easily learned from our printed directions.

☞ Samples, Circulars and Cut sent on receipt of stamp. We are also owners of the lately improved, under feed

Quaker City $20, $25, and $35 Sewing Ma- chines,

Thousands of which are in daily use. The old style we don't keep. We have been appointed Agents for the UNIVERSAL HEMMER AND GAUGE, adjustable to all thicknesses of cloth and all widths of hem; will hem over seams and tuck, AND CAN EASILY BE ATTACHED TO ANY SEWING MACHINE. Price, $5.

LARGE DISCOUNT TO AGENTS AND CLERGY.

☞ AGENTS WANTED everywhere. Come and see us at 115 LAKE ST., or address L. CORNELL & CO. P. O. Box 3962. aug

A NOTICE.—THE EUREKA IM- PROVED SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES, (In- vented by Elias Howe, Jr., Esq., and others,) using two threads, and making the Lock Stitch. Price $20. Will run, learn, hem and gather. Agents wanted in every city and town in the State of Illinois. Principal Office, 409 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Send for Circular and Sample work. sel1-3m-ad

Crockery and Glass Ware.

BURLEY & TYRRELL,

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Offer for sale the largest assortment of

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CHINA AND GLASS-WARE,

Fine and Common

TABLE CUTLERY

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

CROCKERY, CHINA, *Glassware,* AND HOUSE-KEEPING GOODS

Are to be found at the NEW STORE,

175.....LAKE STREET.....175

THIS IS THE OLD STAND,

Three Doors West of W. M. Ross & Co's Dry Goods Em porium.

Our Stock is New,

Bought Cheap, and we will sell at

Lower Prices than Ever Before Offered.

All articles sold before purchasing elsewhere.

PACKARD & BULL,

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Stationery &c.

JONES, PERDUE & SMALL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

STATIONERY

—AND—

BLANK BOOKS,

WERE

Awarded the 1st Premium

FOR

BEST BLANK BOOKS

OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE

AT THE LATE

UNITED STATES FAIR.

NO. 123.....LAKE STREET.....NO. 123

(sep-ly)

Press & Tribune.

Indian Summer.

There is a time, just when the frost
Prepares to paint all Winter's way,
When Autumn in a reverie lost,
The shallow heather glories away;
When Summer comes, in musing mind,
To gaze once more on hill and dell,
To mark how many pleasures they bind,
And see if all are ripened well.

While balmy breath she whispers low,
The dying flowers look up and give
Their evening incense as they go;
For her who made their beauties live.
She comes 'mong the sere fields and sad,
Her sapphire lit the lingering M;
And hoof of gentle where are laid
The loved and lost one of grief.

At last old Autumn, rising, takes
A pile his empire and his throne,
With boisterous hand the tree he shakes,
Intent on gathering all his own.
Sweet Summer, smiling, flies the plain,
And waiting Winter, gaunt and grim,
Sees minor Autumn lost in the scene
Nods faintly, of its loneliness race the last.

The Autumn Sun.

"Yet one smile more, departing, distant Sun;
One look of gladness, ere the grey decay
Eve o'er the frozen earth the loud winds blow
Or moves are seen o'er the mendicant's brow.
And the park rocks whose summer wreaths are cast,
And the bare poplar skeleton by the home
Nods faintly, of its loneliness race the last.

Yet a few days, and thee the sky
Shall assume by the badge that skirts the way,
The crimson drapery of the year,
And soon all around in the gay
Yet one fish smile, and we will try to bear
The pleasing winter floor, and wind, and darkened air."

ESTAFF.

POLITICAL.

The Congressional canvass in the Fourth District of Viginia is stirring up the bad blood of the politicians. Two more of them went out last week to fight a duel, but the peace officers stepped in and stopped the fun. One of the parties was Mr. Paul, editor of the *Press*, and the other was Col. Thos. F. Goode, the independent candidate for Congress in the Petersburg district.

—We see that Mr. Toombs of Georgia is praising Mr. Crittenden in his speeches. That must be sheer malice. We hope that Mr. Crittenden's friends will get out an injunction against the fire-eating Georgian.—*Louisville Journal.*

— The first registration of voters has just been closed at Detroit. The election about to be held is only for city officers, yet the number of votes registered is greater than was cast for city officers last spring, viz: now registered, 7,199; cast last spring, 7,055.

— Nine of the American journals of New York have refused to support the mongrel ticket which was nominated by Brooks at Utica.

— Hon. F. S. Lyon is being talked of in Mobile as a candidate for the United States Senate, in the place of Hon. Benjamin Fitzpatrick, whose term expires with the next Congress.

— The Boston *Courier* has issued a political manifesto, stating the position of its conductors, who find that they can agree with no present organization, but deem it important that the people should oppose the present State adminis- tration. The *Courier* is the organ of Daniel Webster's remains.

— The Washington correspondent of the New York *Express* gives the following views touching the organization of the next House of Representatives:

"Mr. Douglas is in busy correspondence with his friends in regard to the organization of the next House. The anti-Lecompton Democrats will go into the Democratic caucus, and be gov- erned by the majority in the choice of a Speak- er, Clerk, &c., hoping that Forney may secure the clerkship, if the Speakership is given to an Administration man. Our figuring here makes the election of a Speaker impossible, unless he is satisfactory to the Americans and Whig mem- bers from both sections of the country. Messrs. Briggs, Carter, Clark, Haskin and Reynolds of New York, it is urged, will go into any caucus, and these, with the opposition mem- bers from the South, have abundant power to control the organization."

— The Boston *Courier*, the organ of Daniel Webster's remains, is trying to sell the Old Line Whigs to the Democracy. On the other hand, the *National Intelligencer*, the legitimate organ of the Old Line Whigs, protests earnestly against the sale.

— The Washington correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* corrects the statement that Col. Forney is to be the Republican candidate for Clerk of the House in exchange for his in- fluence in bringing Anti-Lecompton votes to the support of a Republican Speaker, and says that Mr. Forney will not sell for a Republican vote unless he can unite honestly and unequivocally with the party, which he is evidently preparing himself to do now that Douglas is modifying himself for the Charleston nomination. Apro- pos to the Clerkship, Mr. Allen of Illinois, Clerk of the last House, is foolish enough to believe that he will be re-elected because of the personal attachment of some of the Republi- can members. Mr. Allen, and in fact all the aspirants, will discover in time that personal attachment will do for less than party policy in deciding the result.

Proposed Abolition of the Law for En- forcing the Payment of Debts.

Abolish all laws for the collection of debts, and leave creditors to their own powers of dis- criminating between the honest and dishonest. This is the point to which our growing civilization tends, and to which practical wisdom and phil- osophy point. Imprisonment for debt abolished the inhuman laws which used to imprison debt- ors; in which abolition we took the lead of old Europe. We now go on to lead the way in a more important reform. A great proportion of the bad debts made arises from the pushing of business upon imprudent buyers, extending cred- its and relying on the law for enforcing pay- ment. When without remedy at law, the seller of goods would look exclusively on character —established character—wherever credit was given; and credits would be more proportioned to the known means of the debtor, both as re- gards amount and time. The expenses of at- tending the collecting of debts are very great, and absorb a large portion of the profit. In cases of failures arising from debts, their debtors are, as is well known, apt to take advantage, and de- lay, if not altogether refuse, payment of their debts. The law is resorted to by them for its delay. The natural effect of this proposed abolition of the law to compel payment of debts, which it does so imperfectly and at so great an expense of money and time, would be great. It would be felt by all traders, that to obtain any credit a reputation for character must first be obtained. A consequence of this would be, and also be felt by the seller that it would not an- swer to tempt buyers to buy too much. The seller would be more cautious. Besides, cash transactions would increase and speculative dealings diminish. The evasion of the present laws for the collection of debts is very easy for the dishonest man, aided by professional ad- vice and numerous instances abound of men having become rich, by running largely in debt, putting their property so acquired out of reach, and setting at large a destitute. Rich and abound whose property is all settled on their wives, or held in trust for them by others, which, in the absence of a bankrupt law, can- not be reached.

Indeed, if no law existed to enforce payments of debts, men would look into the mercantile habits of their debtors more trusting, and not after- wards. They would not be so ready to seduce, by illicit means, any set of men to make pur- chases. Men so facile of character as to be so led are never reliable.—*N. Y. Independent, 6th.*

Ballooning and Its Results.

A hundred years of experiments, a large ex- penditure of money, the loss of valuable life, perils and disasters, have done very little for the science of ballooning, and have hardly lifted it above the dignity of a showman's exhibition, or out of the pale of those extraordinary feats, which, mixed with danger, are a horror to the timorous and a wonder to the curious. In the mechanical structure of balloons, and in their outward adornment, some advance has been made, but the essential elements remain the same; a bag and basket, ropes, gas, and an ad- venturer. In early ballooning, the gas often ex- ploded through the canvass and sent the aeron- naut tumbling to the earth or sea. So a few days since a balloon "went off" near Rome, but for- tunately turning into a parachute, saved the aspirations of the magnificent fate of being pro- pelled, a "pair-o'shoots," to the earth, which would have made "no bones" of giving them a fatal embrace. The bold Icarus of Mountain- ish aerial navigation, his wonderful escapes, and the daring boast that he will yet cross the At- lantic in a balloon, keep him prominently before the public, while the caprices of his still per- sistent good fortune seems to indicate the des- tiny of a charmed life, while they confirm the popular faith in the man and his enter- prise. That it is possible to be wafted through the air from New York to Lon- don, or from San Francisco to New York, in a few hours, there can be no doubt, provided the balloon has sufficient sustaining power. The trip from St. Louis to the tree tops of Jefferson County one-half shown one-third the length of an ocean voyage, but while it proved that a balloon was competent to make great dis- tances, it still showed that no advance had been made in the art of guiding and directing its course. Conceding that the existence of an easterly current in establishment—and the recent visits of La Mountain does not militate against the theory—it is still evident that the voyager is solely indebted to the current for his course forward, and to his vairs strings and sand bags for downward or upward movement. Every pull on the valve string diminishes the buoyancy of the balloon, and necessitates the casting over of ballast.

It is a constant game of "see-saw," up and down, now reducing gas and now reducing bal- last, the balloon always wearing weaker and less able to sustain itself, until finally it is bur- ly kept afloat by a sacrifice of overcoats, pro- visions and other articles of the dependent basket. It is fortunate if above a lake or a sea, the basket itself is not thrown overboard, and the unlucky aeronaut man who waits upon the "Professor," sent after it, to propitiate the laws of gravity and re-enact the role of Jonah, with- out the providential whale. Another fact to be borne in mind—namely, that the very ascent of the balloon, bearing it as a rarer atmosphere, reduces the pressure on the gas, causes it to ex- pand, and these compels the aeronaut to part with some of his elevating principle, at the very moment when it is the most desirable him.—*N. Y. Advertiser.*

WESTERN NEWS ITEMS.

FIRE.—On Tuesday afternoon last, about 2½ o'clock, a column of smoke was observed aris- ing from the north end of the long wood-shed of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, near the gas-works, and, before an alarm could be given, the shed, about 20 rods in length, and half filled with dry wood, was in a continuous flame. Of course its extinguishment was out of the question, and the efforts were confined to saving the water-house, gas-works and dwel- lings near. The heat was most intense; but the fire engines being speedily on hand, the fire was dampened at the north end, so that no seri- ous damage, except the loss of the wood, oc- curred. Further down the line, one dwelling house, owned by a Mr. Nihil, or Niles, was melt- ed like wax by the fire before she furniture could be all removed, and others were saved only because the stillness of the day allowed a strong upward current, which carried the heat favorably above them. There was about a thousand cords of dry wood, sawed and com- pactly piled, all of which was consumed. The entire loss may be set down in the neighbor- hood $5,000. The fire is supposed to have orig- inated from a spark dropped by a passing freight train.—*Detroit (Mich.) Tribune.*

DEAD BODY FOUND.—We learn that the dead body of a man was found on the farm of Mr. Furst, Wednesday morning, on the Cedarville road, some two miles west of this city. It was not far from the road, in a thicket, and was par- tially decayed. Had evidently lain there for some time. The body had been nearly eaten up by some animal, and only a portion of it remained. The skull was some distance from the balance of the body—and upon examination it was evident that a ball had been passed in- side the mouth and discharged—the roof of the mouth being blown out, the skull badly cracked, and a tomahawk has been used on it. By his person were found the following articles: Britannia snuff box marked A. G., silver bowed spectacles, a wallet containing a one dollar bill and fifty-three cents in silver, a single barrel pistol, box of caps, paper of powder, paper of buckshot, a bottle with a very little whisky in it. His hair was grey, and very nearly white. He must have been upwards of fifty years old. Coroner Washburns being absent, Justice Hall was summoned, and held an inquest which resulted in the verdict that the deceased —name unknown—came to his death by a pis- tol discharged into his mouth by his own hands. —*Freeport Sentinel, 12th.*

Wholesale Houses.

1859 BOOTS AND SHOES.—

Miller & Brown,

54 - - LAKE STREET. - - 54

We have received, and have now in store, a large and well selected stock of

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

Which we are offering to the

FALL TRADE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

Country Merchants are invited to give us a call, as we shall offer great bargains to those with Cash Paying Cus- tomers. Our assortment is as complete and will be sold for as low prices as any in the city.

JOBBING HOUSE IN NEW YORK OR BOSTON.

Dealers will consult their own interest by examining our goods before purchasing elsewhere. We are agents for

Mitchell's Copper Tipped Boots and Shoes,

Of which we shall have a large stock constantly on hand. MILLER & BROWN,

au20-ad2t-3m 54 Lake street.

JOHN H. WEBER & CO., JOBBERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Hats, Caps, Furs and Umbrellas,

NO. 25 LAKE-ST., CHICAGO.

Have now on hand, and are receiving a full and com- plete assortment of the above goods, which we are offering to this market, embracing every variety and style, all of which are sold at the lowest cash prices.

Western Trade.

[au30-ad2d-6m]

THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE NORTHWEST

—OF—

SADDLERY HARDWARE!

Harness, Bridle, Patent & Enameled

LEATHER

Carriage Trimmings!

SPRINGS, AXLES,

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, WHIPS, LASHES, &C

FOR SALE LOW, BY

Hayden, Kay & Co.,

238 - - RANDOLPH STREET - - 238

au6-ad13-3m

SADDLERY.

TURNER & SIDWAY,

208 RANDOLPH STREET,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

SADDLES, BRIDLES,

HORSE COLLARS, TRUNKS,

WHIPS. HORSE BLANKETS,

GIG SADDLES, PAD HOUSINGS,

FRONTS, HAND REINS, &c., &c.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY PROMPTLY FILLED AT THE LOWEST RATES. au5-3m-ad11

BOCKEE, PHILLIPS & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

No. 55 South Water street,

OFFER FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES

5000 Gals. Linseed Oil,
5000 " Strained Whale Oil,
50 Bbls Alcohol
40 " Camphene—Fresh,
10 " Spirits Turpentine,
50 Tons White Lead, in Oil,
20 Bbls Litharge,
50 " Machinery Oil,

and a full assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Oil on Varnishes, &c. au15

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, ss. Superior Court of Chicago, January Term, 1859. Joseph H. Kaines vs. James V. C. Blaney, Charles B. Blaney, Charles Blaney, Jr., Mary Blaney, Thomas H. Woodridge, Maria Butler, Christian V. A. Butler, Han- nah Butler, Christian V. A. Butler, Jr., Elizabeth Butler, Philip F. Butler, John H. Bird, Fanny E. Bird, and John G. Wilson and Charles Hosmer, Trustees.

Affidavit of the non-residence of Maria Butler, Christian V. A. Butler, Philip F. Butler, John H. Bird, Christian V. A. Butler, five of the defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, as well as of Chicago. Notice is hereby given to the said Maria But- ler, Christian V. A. Butler, Philip F. Butler, their debtors, de- fendants above named, Hannah Butler, Christian V. A. Butler, Jr., and James V. A. Butler, that the complainant filed his bill of complaint in said court on the chancery side thereof on the eleventh day of October, 1859, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against the said defendants, returnable on the first Monday of January next, 1860, as is by law required.

Now, unless you the said Maria Butler, Christina V. A. Butler, Hannah Butler, Christian V. A. Butler, Jr., and James V. A. Butler shall personally be and appear before said Superior Court of Chicago, on the first day of the first day of January, 1860, at the court house in Chicago, in said county, on the first Monday of January, 1860, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed by you, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

H. KREISMANN, City Clerk.

GALLUP & HITCHCOCK, Complt's Sol'rs, oct1-ad3w-1w

CITY OF CHICAGO.

City Collectors Office, September 30th, 1859.

Notice is hereby given that the following Warrants are in my hands for collection:

Warrant No. 1, South.—For grading and paving Haddock Place from Clark street to Lasalle street.

Warrant No. 322, South.—For grading, paving and gravelling Michigan avenue, from the south line of Lake street to the south line of Peck court.

Warrant No. 345, South.—For re-filling and gravelling Twelfth street, from the former filling near Canal to the east end of Wabashan avenue.

Warrant No. 346, South.—For extending Indiana avenue from North street, in a straight northerly direction, to the north line of Lot 1, Canal Trustees' subdivision of Lot 3, Liberty street, as ordered by the Common Council, March 16th, 1859.

Warrant No. 355, South.—For constructing sixty-five Cul- verts.

Warrant No. 426, West.—For grading the south half of North avenue from the north branch of Chicago river to Wolf's point.

Warrant No. 427, West.—For grading Herbert street from the south Western plank road west to the city limits.

Warrant No. 428, West.—For grading and macadamiz

BY TELEGRAPH.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

BY THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

The steamship City of Washington has arrived with Liverpool dates to the 29th, received by telegraph to Queenstown.

The steamship North Briton, from Quebec, and Jason, from New York, had arrived out.

The political news is not important.

The London *Times*, in an article relative to the San Juan difficulty, says that the seizure of the Island originated in the audacity and assumption that England would be afraid to avenge, and remarks that it is time to put a stop to such notions.

A dispatch from Zurich says Prince Napoleon arrived there on Wednesday morning, when separate conferences immediately took place between the French and Sardinian and the French and Austrian plenipotentiaries.

A dispatch from Paris speaks of activity displayed in fitting out the expedition against Chi na. It would be ready to leave about the middle of November.

The Dictator of Modena has ordered 30,000 minie rifles.

A dispatch from Naples says the King had left for the Roman Territory with the purpose of having an interview with the Pope.

The Paris *Pays*, a semi-official journal, announces the arrival of the American minister at Pekin. He ascended one of the branches of the Pei-Ho, accompanied by the members of his Legation. They were not allowed to see anything of the country, and while awaiting an interview with the Emperor, were required not to leave the residence assigned them.

The Herald correspondent says that Austria and Piedmont are about making warlike preparations, and that the French spirit of occupation in Italy is about to receive reinforcements. The renewal of hostilities is apprehended by many.

THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 12.—Republican majority will be 17,000 at least on the State ticket; Senate, 25 Republicans and 10 Democrats; House, 64 Republicans to 36 Democrats.

ATHENS Co.—Republican majority over 650; Republican Representative has 600. This is a Republican gain of 200.

WASHINGTON Co.—The Republican majority is over 500. Entire Republican county ticket elected by 150 to 600 majority.

HARRISON COUNTY.—1,100 Republican majority for state tickets. Republican Senator 210 majority. Republican Representative 80 majority.

HANCOCK COUNTY.—Harlson, (Rep.) for Representative, has 372 majority over Elsbury, Independent Republican, who was adopted by the Democrats.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.—Harrison, (Rep.) is elected Senator from this district, and Phillis, (Rep.) is reported elected Representative, by a small majority.

CLERMONT COUNTY.—Swing, (Rep.) is elected to the House of Representatives in this county. The Democratic majority for Governor is 150.

UNION COUNTY, OFFICIAL.—(Majorities) Denison 851, Kirk 345, Olsson 344, Taylor 346, Stone 367, Russell 305, Gregory 34, Smith 308, Fisher (Senator) 345, Patterson (Representative) 400 majority.

WARREN COUNTY.—Republican majorities, viz: Dennison 1,079—being a gain of 68 over Peck's vote last year; Kirk 1,085. Balance of the State ticket about the same. For Senator, Thomas 1,171, a gain of 245 over Peck's vote for the Republican majority for Senator in 1857.

CHAMPAIGN Co.—175 Republican majority on State tickets.

SHELBY Co.—Ranney's majority 200. Harsh, Republican Senator elected in the District.

ADAMS Co.—170 Democratic majority. Republican elect on Representative ticket.

PUTNAM Co.—Ranney's majority 300.

HAMILTON Co.—For Governor, Ranney over Dennison, 744; Lieut. Governor, Safford over Kirk, 672; Supreme Judge, Whitman over Gholson, 651; Treasurer, Gunkel over Stone, 651; School Commissioner, Allen over Smyth, 691; Common Pleas Judge, Collins over Dickson, 660; Treasurer, Cruikshank over Hedger, 925; Commissioner, Ridgway over Ross, 1192; Senator, Key over Burrowes, (two highest candidates on the respective tickets), 719; Representatives, Flagg over Cochrane (two highest candidates), 706; State Board of Equalization, Jones over Torrence, (two highest candidates), 491.

ZANESVILLE, Oct. 13.—Potwin, Republican candidate for Senator, has 800 majority.

Iowa.

DUBUQUE Co.—The Democrats elect one Senator, two Representatives and County Judge. The Republicans elect two Representatives, one Senator and Sheriff.

JOHNS Co.—100 Democratic majority.

DELAWARE Co.—100 Democratic majority.

BUCHANAN Co.—200 Democratic majority.

JOHNSON Co.—The Republican County Ticket elected, with two exceptions. Small Republican majority for State ticket elected.

[Special Dispatch to the Press and Tribune.]

IOWA CITY, Oct. 12.

The election is over, but the smoke has not sufficiently cleared away to ascertain the result in the State. Johnson County has gone Republican, contrary to former custom. We have elected our whole ticket, except County Judge and Supt. of Schools. These exceptions were the result of personal considerations and the excellence of the men elected.

Taking this county and city as a basis, the Republican majority for our State ticket will be larger than heretofore.

We have elected our members to the Legislature. General Bowen is, beyond doubt, elected Senator from this county. Yours truly, H.

Minnesota.

HENNEPIN Co.—A decided Republican majority for state and county ticket.

DAKOTA Co.—Ramsey, Republican candidate for Governor, has a majority of 200.

WASHINGTON Co.—Ramsey has 200 majority.

RAMSEY Co.—Becker, Democratic candidate for Governor, has 283 majority.

In the St. Anthony District the Republicans have elected two Representatives.

In St. Anthony and Minneapolis, Ramsey has 447 majority.

MANOMIN Co.—Manomin precinct gives Becker 40, Ramsey 7.

ANOKA Co.—Three precincts give Ramsey 164 majority.

The Baltimore Election.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 12.—At the election yesterday, the ballot and ballot-box was smashed, and no return was made. The result shows that naturalized votes were almost entirely excluded. Notwithstanding this fact the Reformers carry 7 wards, and with two or three exceptions the most objectionable men are defeated. There is a vast improvement in the character of the new Council. In the 13th ward the Reformers endorsed the American nominee and claim as a Reformer. The friends of Reform are greatly encouraged, and hope to achieve a complete triumph in the State election. The popular vote, leaving out the 20th ward, shows the Americans have only 837 majority, while they had 19,000 majority at the last election for Mayor. But little more than half the full vote was polled.

From Washington.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The Washington correspondence of the New York *Times* says: "It is not true, as stated in the dispatch to the *Herald*, that England had demanded an explanation from our Government with reference to the course pursued by Gen. Harney. On the contrary, the paper published by Lord Lyons, was a proposition for a settlement of the dispute, as the treaty provides no remedy in case of disagreement between the Boundary Commissioners. The treaty being thus silent, the authorities are thrown back on first principles, and England now submits a programme for an adjustment of the difficulty, to which she claims the Island of San Juan. Secretary Cass has just returned his reply to the proposition, di recting the most positive terms to be used as to much as the shadow of a title on the part of England to the disputed Island. This is the present condition of the question, and it remains for England to take the next step. As we hold possession, this turn in affairs is regarded as very serious by our Government, and the result, whether it be peace or war, depends very much upon the tenacity with which Great Britain holds to her pretended claim.

No action has yet been taken by the administration in response to any communications which may recently have been received from the British Government on the San Juan difficulty.

An extraordinary meeting was called to-day, all the members were present except Secretary Cass, who was absent on account of physical indisposition. The resignation of leaving Brownsville without troops, are as stated by the army officer, the unhealthiness of the post and the belief that there was no necessity for troops at once as a means of protection, and besides their services were urgently needed elsewhere in Texas. It was also stated that in addition to the recent invasion by Mexican banditti, the Indians have committed many excesses on settlements of the Rio Grande frontier. By this time it is believed troops have been sent thither to protect our citizens.

The Treaty Department has been officially advised by the Secretary of State that by an order of the Spanish Government, vessels from the United States arriving in ports of Spain and the adjacent islands, are placed on the footing of national vessels as regards the duties of the port and navigation. In consideration of this exemption Spanish vessels arriving in ports of the United States from Spanish or other foreign ports, will be permitted to enter on the same footing as vessels of the United States, as regards tonnage duties, light money, and all other dues. Spanish vessels, however, arriving in ports of the United States from Cuba or Porto Rico, not belonging to the regular line, are especially provided for by the acts of July, 1832, and June, 1834.

Gen. Twiggs, in charge of the department of Texas, will, at his own request, be granted a leave of absence, with a view to enable him to visit Europe.

The receipts of the Treasury for the week ending Monday, amounted to $1,188,000; drafts paid $1,216,000; drafts issued, nearly $1,549,000. The amount subject to draft is $4,400,000. The reduction from the amount on hand the previous week $405,777. The Secretary of the Treasury on appeal has decided that mint skins are dutiable at 8 per centum.

Kansas Republican Nominations.

LEAVENWORTH, Oct. 13.—The Republican State Convention was open on the 13th inst., nominated a full ticket headed by Charles Robinson for Governor, and J. P. Root for Lieut. Governor. R. P. Conway was nominated for Congress.

The Convention was harmonious. Robinson, who was also the Governor elect under the Topeka Constitution, was nominated on the first ballot. The election for State Officers takes place in December.

Missouri and Morrissey.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—A report is somewhat current that Morrissey went out to fight this morning. It is, doubtless, entirely unfounded.

The Cricketers.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—The cricket match was finished this P. M. in favor of the "All England" club, on their second innings, with a loss of their wickets. The 22 scored 60 on their 2d innings, making a total on both innings of 144.

The 12 English players on the American side scored 66 runs. The 10 Americans scored 82 runs.

"All England" sent in Hayward and Carpenter; Hayward caught out with nothing to score. Carpenter, with Coffyn, Lockyer and Grundy, succeeded in covering the tie with 29 runs, before 5 o'clock.

The President Sues for Libel.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—It is stated on good authority, that Col. Forney, of the *Press*, has received a notice from his legal adviser, that President Buchanan intends instituting a prosecution for libel against him, on account of the terrific editorial article on Broderick's death, in that paper of Monday last.

The National Horse Show.

KALAMAZOO, Oct. 13.—The National Horse Show exhibition yesterday, was very fine, some of the best horses in the Union being on the ground. The Citizens' purse, $3,000, will be trotted for Saturday afternoon—Flora Temple, Princess, Ike Cook, and other celebrated horses competing.

California Steamer Disabled.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The steamship Star of the West, from Aspinwall with mails and treasure that left San Francisco 20th ult., broke her shaft when one day out from Aspinwall. She succeeded in reaching Key West with one wheel, and will probably get here on Sunday next.

Murders in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13.—Two men were shot dead last night in the street. One was a young Irishman in the 4th district, and the other the mate of a Bay craft lying in Union Dock. No arrests have been made.

Business Cards.

H. J. ATKINS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, ILLINOIS.
Collections and other business entrusted from abroad promptly attended to.
☞ Refers to Hon Richard Yates, Hon. J. J. Cassell Jacksonville; Hon. A. Lincoln, Springfield. nov3711m

ANDRICK & BALLARD,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
No. 4 Methodist Church Block,
Corner of Clark and Washington streets, Chicago.
LOUIS H. ANDRICK. OLIVER O. BALLARD

SPIES & BURT,
COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
☞ No. 75 Clark street, *North Side*, ☜
Between Third and Fourth streets, St. Louis, Mo.
Mr. S. is Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for every State in the Union.
References in Chicago—Scripps & Bross.
PRESIDENT SPIES. CALVIN C. BURT

J. THORNE CLARKSON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
☞ No. 1 and 3 Methodist Church Block, ☜
Corner of Clark and Washington streets, Chicago, Ill.
nov20-1m

JANSEN & BROSS,
ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, AND PROCTORS IN ADMIRALTY, No. 17 Larmon's Block, corner Clark and Washington sts., Chicago, Ill. Also, Com. U. S. Commissioner Northern District, Ill. Notary Public of Cook co.
[apl1-ly] JOHN A. BROSS.

EDWARD C. ASAY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
☞ No. 77 South Clark Street, ☜
Opposite the Court House, Chicago. nov3-1y-1971

A. W. SLAYBACK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
St. Joseph, Mo.
Attends the Courts of Buchanan, Andrew, Holt, Atchison and Nodaway Counties. Refers by permission to Samuel A. Allen, St. Louis; Child, Pratt & Co., Boston; Sawtelle, Gore & Co., St. Louis; Dudley, George & Tuesman, Chicago; Abbott, Hein & Co., Philadelphia; Russell, Majors & Waddell, Leavenworth City; Moore, Cobb & Co., New York; Bela M. Hughes, Esq., St. Joseph. oct-2414-6m

G. H. & L. LAFLIN,
WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
49 South Water Street,
Are now receiving their spring stock of Fine Papers and Eastern Book Papers, which they offer at low prices. Printing paper of every size and best quality. oct7-1y62

CRAWFORD, SHARP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS in Crockery, China and China Table Cutlery, Looking Glasses, Castors, and British Ware, No. 166 Lake street, Chicago, Ill. may7-3m-1y

Bags.

CHICAGO BAG AGENCY,—
279 South Water street.
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of various sizes and qualities.
FLOUR SACKS—Inferior, superior, staffin—printed to order of any desired pattern.
HAM SACKS—Cotton used.
GUNNY BAGS—Two and three bushels.
Also, Grocers' Hardware, Groceries and Provision. Dealers will find just the articles wanted in our stock. Orders solicited. HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
FARWELL'S
STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY,
42, 44 & 46 Wabash avenue, Chicago.
SACKS AND SACKS of every description furnished on short notice,
and printed with
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS!
SIMEON FARWELL.
oct-6&w1y-1071

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory,
HART, ASTEN & CO., 167 South Water street, Chicago, and B. F. CLARK & CO., 36 Beekman street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Millers' and Grocers' Bags, made and printed to order with beautiful brands. New and elegant styles for Flour, Corn and Gunny Bags, for Shippers', Millers' and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Corn Meal, Hops, Grain, Seed, &c., &c.
☞ Orders filled with fidelity and despatch.
Wanted to shippers. nov1-1y

Groceries, Provisions, &c,

NEW GROCERY HOUSE.
Parsons, Pitkin & Hankey,
No. 16....South Water Street....No. 16
Third door east of Michigan Avenue,
Invite attention to their stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, which is complete in every department, and consists in part as follows:
10 Hhds. N. O. Sugars, common to choice.
75 " Cuba and Porto Rico Sugars.
250 Bbls. N. Y. Refined Sugar—standard qualities.
25 " " " Crushed, Powdered and Granulated.
200 " Re-boiled and N. Y. Sugar House MOLASSES.
300 Kegs Nails—assorted and as low as any House in the city.
COFFEES—Rio, Laguira, O. G. Java, well selected and in good supply.
TEAS—A full assortment of the best brands in market.
Purchasers will find our goods "CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST," and the attention of Cash Buyers is particular requested to
No. 16 South Water Street.

NEWELL SNOW,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 113 Dearborn st., Chicago,
Being in receipt of frequent consignments from Eastern markets, and availing myself of the best opportunities presented in this section, I am able to offer GREAT BARGAINS to cash buyers of Groceries in
Large or Small Quantities.
Dealers as well as those buying for their own use will find it for their advantage to examine my stock and prices.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED.
NEWELL SNOW.
oct-4m-4300

1100 HLF CHESTS TEA, assorted qualities, very low.
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

1500 BAGS RIO COFFEE for sale. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

350 BBLS. SYRUPS.—REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

600 BBLS. RE-BOILED MO. LASSES. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

2000 MATS CASSIA. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

100 BALES CLOVES, FOR sale very low. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

1000 BBLS. REFINED SUGAR for sale very low to the trade. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

300 HLF. BBLS. MACKEREL. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

100 BOXES LEMONS, French Cans and Paletots, in good order, which we offer at low figure. J. W. DOANE & CO., 73 Dearborn st.

FRESH ZANTE CURRANTS IN bbls and half bbls! 1,000 lbs Figs, fresh in, arrive by J. W. DOANE & CO.

NEW YORK CONFECTIONERY. A large assortment just received and for sale by J. W. DOANE & CO., 73 Dearborn st., which we offer at low figures.

PICKLES, PRESERVES, Sauces, Every variety of English Pickles and Sauces, for sale by J. W. DOANE & CO., 73 Dearborn st.

COOPER'S GELATING AND Isinglass, Baker's Broma, Farina, Pabis Salt by J. W. DOANE & CO.

200 BBLS. GREEN APPLES, Also Plum, Peaches, Tomatoes, Melons, &c., received daily by J. W. DOANE & CO., 73 Dearborn st.

GUNNIES — 4,000 on Consign- ment. J. SNOW, 10 Dearborn street.

BEANS — 200 bbls. on consign- ment. J. SNOW, 10 Dearborn street.

APPLES — 100 bbls. in prime order for consignment. J. SNOW, 10 Dearborn st.

BUTTER —
20 Tubs Butter,
WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 S. Water street.

BROOMS —
100 doz. Brooms for sale by
WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 S. Water street.

TUBS —
25 Gro. Painted Tubs,
WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 South Water street.

MOLASSES —
20 Bbls. Molasses just received,
WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 S. Water street.

JEFFREY'S SCOTCH ALE, POR- ter and Stout by the cask or dozen for
J. W. DOANE & CO.

Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 13, 1859.

The market for eastern exchange continues firm at ½ per cent. prem., and outside 1 per cent. Currency is in fair supply, but accommodations are limited to produce paper. Gold in limited demand.

FAILURE IN NEW YORK.—The N. Y. *Evening Post* of Tuesday contains the following:

We regret to announce the suspension of Messrs. Sewell, Ferris & Co., of this city, occasioned by too liberal advances to western banks. The suspension, we are requested to say, will not interfere with the publication of the *Metropolitan Bank Note Reporter*, which will be issued as usual.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 13, 1859.

The receipts and shipments during the past 24 hours, were as follows:

RECEIPTS YESTERDAY.

	Flour bris.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Bar'y bus.	Ca'le No.	Hogs No.
Lake	15	....	....	....	....	....	....
Canal	885	6271	694	16917	160	....	....
R. & C. U. R. R.	1894	16700	1600	2261	2000	191	1
Rock Island R. R.	775	16000	1650	....	700	90	....
Illinois Central R. R.	1894	16700	1600	2261	2000	191	1
R. & Quincy R. R.	1021	18933	397	1406	921	150	190
Galena R. R.	320	6400	75	1575	....	13	11
Chi. A. & St. L.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	4321	69271	4574	25099	4027	771	394

SHIPMENTS BY LAKE YESTERDAY.

	Flour bris.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Bar'y bus.	Ca'le No.	Hogs No.
To Buffalo	1800	....	....	....	....	....	....
To Ogdensburg	....	6554	....	....	....	....	....
To Collingwood	2465	....	....	....	....	....	....
To Port Dalhousie	....	84165	....	....	....	....	....
To Other Ports	100	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	4231	192694	....	....	....	....	....

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
Lumber, ft	1,095,000	Flour, bris	2,800
Shingles, No	60,000	Rye, bu	12,500
Lath, No	40,000	Wheat, bu	40,000
Timber, ft	50,000	Potatoes, bu	10
Wood, cds	254	Corn, bush	710
Ash bolts	72	Beef, bris	1,440
Bark	20	Hogs, dressed	265
Hops, bales	39	Tallow, bris	125
Lard, kegs	30	Hides, No	2,000
Pkgs. butter	43	Hay, tons	25
Cash, bris	3,310	Lard, kegs	2,700
Coal, tons	600	Cash, bris	43
Powder, tons	20	Highwines, bbls	15
Pkgs. sundry	50	Sundry bris	30
Mdse, pkgs	1,124	Wagons, No	30
		Sundry pkgs	1,200
		Stoves, tons	20
		Mdse, pkgs	50

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL TO-DAY.

RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
Flour, bris	725	Lumber, ft	130,246
Wheat, bu	6,291	Lath, No	21,000
Corn, bu	15,691	Salt, bris	40
Oats, bu	15,691	Apples, bris	9
Barley, bu	274		
Pork, bbls	30		
Coal, tons	120		
Hay, tons	6		
Stone, c yds	90		

The Wheat market to-day was quiet and 1@2c lower. At the opening sales of Spring were made at 78@c and 80½c, but after the New York dispatches were received the market fell to 78c and 80c, at which the great bulk of the sales were made. Before the close of 'Change, and in the afternoon, several parties, in order to fill out cargoes, paid 79 and 81c; but in the evening it closed weak at those figures. Winter Wheat continues scarce, and the market is firm. Sales of all grades amount to about 90,000 bushels at 94c for No. 1 Red; 83@84c for No. 2 Red; 80@81c for No. 1 Spring; 78@79c for No. 2 Spring; and 74c for Rejected. Flour was dull and 5c lower. Only about 350 bbls were sold at $4.00@4.25 for Spring Extras and $4.20 for Red Winter. Corn advanced 1c, with sales of about 7000 bushels at 78@80c for No. 1 in store; and 79c for No. 2. Oats quiet and 1@1c lower. Only about 6000 bushels changed hands at 31@31½c for No. 1 and 30c for Rejected in store. Rye advanced 1c, with sales at 65c for No. 1 in store. Barley quiet and unchanged. Canal freight quotations 57@58c for No. 1 and 48c for No. 2. Timothy Seed declined 2@3c—sales at $2.09@2.12½—the latter figure for a round lot of choice. Highwines quiet at 28c. Hides declined 1@1c. Freights steady. The rates today were:—Corn to Buffalo by steam,6c; wheat to Oswego, 10c; wheat to Buffalo, 6½c.

CHICAGO SPRING WHEAT.—The N. Y. *Tribune* of Wednesday says: "It is averred that Chicago Spring wheat is constantly improving in quality, either from better varieties being planted or more pains taken in growing and preparing it for market. The portion of Spring to Winter Wheat has very largely increased, and it is expected that the difference in price between the two sorts this year will be less than ever before."

CINCINNATI—Oct. 12—The *Gazette*, of this morning, says: The Flour market was inactive to-day, and the sales were confined to a few small lots at $4.80 a 5.00 for extra. Buyers contend the crop of Iowa, Illinois and Missouri are not disposed to make concessions. Whisky declined to 25c and the market closed dull. The market for Green was quiet, and small sales at 5 a 10c for shoulders and sides; holders mostly ask 8½c for shoulders; sales are offered at 10c. Mess pork dull and prices favor buyers. Lard is offered at 10½c for prime barrel. There is a good trade demand for groceries, and the market is firm. The receipts of wheat continue light, and the demand for Spring equal to the offerings, prices are firm. New corn is dull at 50c. The receipts at this port during the last 24 hours include: 2,000 bbls flour, 2000 bris whisky, 5,741 bu corn, 2,059 bu wheat, 3,358 bu oats, 6,388 bu barley.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 12.—There is a fair demand for flour, and 5@10c higher; sales of 400 bbl Red at depot at 1.08; 328 bu from store at 1.11 to 1.12; 200 bu Oats first hands, at 40 to 41c; 178 bu from depot at 43 to 44c. Hay—sales 11 loads from scales at 16.00 to 19.00 per ton.

LOUISVILLE—Oct. [11.—The *Journal* of the 11th, in its weekly review, says:

The transactions in bacon have been unusually heavy, aggregating about 1,000 casks and barrels, mostly shoulder at 6½c, and 1,400 pieces hams, at an advance in some instances, while the market closes with a still further upward tendency. To effect sales of barrel pork, holders have had to submit lower prices, and the market closes with more firmness. It is estimated that the stock left over in the country by the time the new appears in the market will be 100,000 brls.

Breadstuffs have lost their buoyancy in consequence of the unfavorable advices from abroad. Flour is lower, with no shipping demand. The receipts of wheat have been quite liberal, and prices have declined 5c. Oil corn, in consequence of its scarcity, commands a high figure, but as now is arriving, and the crop is an immense one, we may soon look for a decline. In other descriptions of grain there is no change. We see no change whatever in tobacco. Packers are reluctant in taking hold of hogs at $4 gross, which is the asking price of feeders. We reported some contracts made by a city packer at that price, but he now says that such was not the case. The large crop of corn leads to the supposition of an increased crop of meat

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 13.

FR.: HTS—Quiet. Prop. Chicago, corn to Buffalo at 6c; ship, Chicago, wheat to Buffalo at 10c; to Oswego, at 10c; schr. Cuyahoga, wheat to Buffalo at 6½c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 4321 bbls; shipments, 4231 bbls. Market dull and be lower. Sales were:—100 bbls Red Winter at $4.30; 94 bbls "Jerome & Rose" Spring Extra at $4.25; 80 barrels Choice Spring Extra at $4.15. 35 barrels fair do at $4.00; 20 bbls do at $4.12½; 40 bbls "Merchant" superfine at $3.82½—all delivered; 12 bbls "Conniker" Rye Flour at $3.00 at depot.

WHEAT—Receipts, 69,271 bu; shipments, 192,694 bush. WINTER—Scarce and firm. Sales were:—740 bu No 1 Red at 94c in store; 2000 bu Red at 93c in store; 1000 bu do at 94c in store. SPRING—Quiet, and 1@c and 1c lower. Sales were:—16,000 bu No 1 Spring at 80c in store; 700 bu do at 80½c in store; 2500 bu do at 81c in store; 20,000 bu No 2 Spring at 79c in store; 1000 bu at 79½c in store; 6200 bu do at 79c in store; 1200 bu Rejected at 74c in store.

CORN—Receipts, 4795 bu; shipments, none. Market firm and advanced 1c. Sales were:—1000 bu No 1 at 62c in store; 1000 bu do at 79c in store; 100 bu do do at 78c in store; 700 bu No 2 at 73c in store; 3 cars Ear Corn at 54c per 75 lbs on track.

OATS—Receipts, 25,099 bu; shipped, none. Market weak and inactive. Sales were:—4200 bu No 1 at 31c in store; 2000 bu do at 31½c in store; 1500 bu Rejected at 29c in store; 1000 bu do at 30c in store; 100 bags do at 31½c on track.

RYE—Receipts, 4193 bu; no shipments. Market advanced 5@c. Sales were:—1800 bu No 1 at 65c in store; 193 bags do at 65½c on track.

BARLEY—Receipts,4027 bu. Market inactive and quiet. Sales were:—1100 bu No 1 at 67½c in store; 1500 bu do at 68c in store; 300 bu do at 67c in store; 200 bu No 2 at 46c in store.

SEEDS—Receipts, 94 428 lbs. Market quiet and lower. Sales were:—250 bu prime Timothy at 2.10; 75 bu fair do at 2 00; 400 bags extra at 2.15@.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 87 bbls. Market steady. Sales were:—226 bbls at 28c.

ALCOHOL—28c@29c 9 gal.

PROVISIONS—Mess Pork $15.00; Mess Beef, $8.00@9.00.

LARD—Nominal at 11½c.

TALLOW—Quiet and nominal 8½@10½c.

HIDES—Green, 5½@6c; Green Salted 6½@7c; Dry Flint, 13@14c.

POTATOES—Dull at 35c for fair to good.

EGGS—In fair supply, with a fair demand at 11@12c.

POULTRY—Live Chickens, 1.25@1.50; Ducks, @1.50; Turkeys, @87c per lb.

BUTTER—Firkin, 11@12c; Good to Choice Dairy, 14@ 16c.

LIVE STOCK—Receipts, 41 cars Cattle, 3 do Hogs, 1 do Sheep. Shipped, 4 cars Hogs. The market to-day was steady with a good demand for fat cattle. Poor qualities dull and lightening the market. Sheep are brisk. Hogs steady with a fair shipping demand. Sales at Sherman's to day were:

29	Cattle averaging	1267	lbs at	$7.50
31	"	1120	"	7.00
31	"	1064	"	6.75
16	"	1043	"	6.25
1	"	1240	"	5.50
14	Hogs	247	"	4.75
60	"	178	"	4.50
60	"	174	"	4.25
60	"	174	"	4.00
60	"	230	"	4.00
41	Sheep	91	"	3.62½

Left over, 1200 Cattle.

Foreign Markets.

PER CITY OF WASHINGTON.] LIVERPOOL, Sept. 28.

Wheat steady. Corn declining. Provisions close dull. Sugar is heavy.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Consols closed this P M at 93¾@94.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The money market closed yesterday without any movement of importance. Money was in moderate demand.

New York Market.

PER TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, Oct. 13, 1859.

FLOUR—Dull and heavy and 5@10c lower. Sales 3,100 bbls at $4.60@4.70 for super States; 4.70@4.95 for extra States; 4.60@4.75 for superfine Western; 4.90@5.05 for common to medium extra Western; 5.00@5.65 for inferior to good shipping extra round hoop Ohio; 5.00@5.65 for trade brands lower. Sales 500 bbls at 5.00@5.20 for common to choice extra. Rye flour 4.15@4.25. Corn meal 3.15@3.25.

GRAIN—Wheat quite dull and lower. Sales trifling lots at $1.42@1.50 for White Kentucky; $1.27@1.29 for choking amber Western; $1.24@1.25 for Red Western; $1.30@1.32 for Amber Iowa. Barley quiet and pretty firm at 70@80c. Corn buoyant. Sales 20,000 bushels at 84@85c for sound mixed Western; 87c for fresh yellow at 87 @ 88c. Oats dull at 44@45c for State; 43@45c for Western mixed.

WHISKY—A shade firmer. Sales 420 bris at 26c for small lots.

PROVISIONS—Pork heavy and lower. Sales 250 bbls at $15.00@15.12½ for mess; 13.00@13.25 for prime; 13.00 for uninspected mess. Beef in moderate demand. Sales 290 bris at 4.50@4.75 for country prime; 6.00 do mess; 9.00@11 for repacked mess; 13.00@14.00 for extra mess. Beef hams steady. Sales 75 bbls at 17.00@18.00. Prime mess beef more active. Small sales of new at 12.00. Cut meats scarce and firm at 6c for shoulders and 10c for ham. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard unchanged. Sales 200 bbls at 11½c. Butter dull and heavy at 11@15c. Prime new